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Column One
By DAVID COURTNEY

THE airplane has transformed diplomacy almost as much as it has transformed commerce and war. It has become, as has been said in the case of Mr. Dulles, not merely a convenience but also a temptation. And the old-fashioned diplomatic channels flow sluggishly as the sources of their former abundance drop in on each other to settle their mutual affairs face to face.

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MARSHAL Tito, Mr. Nehru and Colonel Nasser, faithful to the new idea of personal diplomacy, are meeting today on the pleasant island of Brioni in the Adriatic to discuss a fairly elaborate list of topics relevant to their assumption of neutrality. But even as the airplane has transformed diplomacy so, thanks to other pressures of our day, has the idea of neutrality undergone remarkable transformation.

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NONE of the three governments represented at Brioni today follows anything like the policy of neutrality symbolized by Switzerland or Sweden and formerly by Belgium, the Netherlands and all Scandinavia. Where, at one time, neutrality was more or less a peripheral affair, the neutrals of today are geographically and strategically nodal. At any rate the Brioni neutrals are. And where formerly they were largely indifferent to the competitive ideologies and ambitions of opposing Power blocs, today they seem to be in a position to enjoy the best of both worlds and to exploit that position at will.

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THIS they are able to do because, in fact, their neutrality is neither traditional nor based on profound conviction. It is exigent. Very few of the neutrals have any hope of preserving neutrality if there should be world war. Most of them spend heavily on armies and armaments not with the object of defending their neutrality but to be ready to go to war on behalf of interests as remote from neutrality as the interests of belligerents usually are.

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TO that extent Marshal Tito and Mr. Nehru, at least, do, in fact, represent something like the third force of which much was heard a few years ago. But it is not a third force capable of serving as an effective arbitrator between the other two forces or of setting itself up as a kind of firebreak between the two great Power blocs. Colonel Nasser — one begins to wonder about Marshal Tito as well — certainly does not give the impression that he interprets neutrality as a means, not only of keeping out of other people's quarrels but also of contributing towards better understanding between the Power groupings of East and West. He is, so to speak, more neutral towards one side than towards the other, and profits from this unbalanced neutrality by being rewarded from the side he pleases and cajoled with presents from the side he displeases.

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THE question, which may well be discussed today at Brioni, is how far these countries dare go in a neutrality of obvious benefit to Soviet Russia and obvious disservice to the interests of the Western Powers. Between Yugoslavia and Egypt, as between Egypt and India, lies the Baghdad Pact as the main obstacle (the Balkan Pact, if it ever had any consequence, seems to have lost it) to a cohesive neutralist or non-aligned force running from Belgrade to Delhi. Colonel Nasser at Brioni will hammer away at that obstacle and is unlikely to be discouraged by Mr. Nehru. Even Marshal Tito, less directly affected by the Pact, may be willing, in spite of friendly relations with Turkey, to take up chisel and hammer with his two neutralist guests.

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THE big question for the West, therefore, is whether the Baghdad Pact is worth shoring up and, if it is, how to do so effectively against the assaults of Balkan and Asian neutrals. The answer, of course, must be given by Washington. It is difficult to detect in the State Department's surprising shift of ambassadors in Athens and Cairo what that answer will be. Brioni, one may guess, is as much in the dark as anyone, which is a pity. One can do so much damage shuffling about in the dark.

Jerusalem, July 18.

Britain to Speed Cut Of Army in Germany

LONDON, Tuesday (UP).—Britain intends to advance plans for a reduction of divisions in Germany because of economic strains, informed sources said today.

The plans form part of an overall re-organization of British defence strategy which aims at increasing reliance on atomic deterrents."

Britain is consulting with the U.S. and her other allies in NATO on the new concept of European defence. Differences which have arisen in these discussions will have to be ironed out before a firm decision on major changes is taken, the sources said.

The U.S. is reported uneasy over the projected British plans, but European nations appear so far to favour the British concept.

The plan to cut forces in Germany has been strengthened by the Bonn Government's reduction of its financial contribution to their support. Britain also fears that Bonn may cut out its contribution altogether by next year.

Growing financial strains have led to a strict economy programme which at present is reviewing expenditure and above all aims at a sizeable reduction of defence costs. As a result, it is proposed here to reduce the forces in Germany, possibly by half, and to do it soon, starting this year.

E. Germans to Pay Soviet Army Less

MOSCOW, Tuesday. — The Soviet Union and East Germany signed a joint communique today, at the end of two days of talks, announcing that Russia has agreed to cut by half the $380m. East Germany has been paying annually for the maintenance of Soviet troops on her territory.

In addition, Russia will deliver several thousand million marks worth of goods to East Germany.

The communique, the contents of which were not immediately available here, was signed by Soviet Premier Marshal Nikolai Bulganin and the East German Prime Minister, Mr. Otto Grotewohl, and was reported over the East German Radio in Berlin.

The joint statement said that East Germany and Russia would "work together to safeguard peace, maintain security in Europe and bring about by peaceful and democratic means the unification Germany."

Last night, Mr. Grotewohl was guest of honour at a banquet given by the Russian Premier. Present at the dinner were Mr. Nikita Khrushchev, Communist Party First Secretary, and First Deputy Premiers Georgi Malenkov, V. M. Molotov and Mikhail Pervukhin.

(UP, Reuter)

63 Algerian Rebels Killed in Clash

ALGIERS, Tuesday (Reuter). — French troops killed 63 insurgents and lost 14 of their own men in a day-long battle amid wooded hills near the Moroccan border yesterday. French army sources described the clash as one of the bitterest engagements this month.

Insurgent weapons left on the battlefield included a 50-mm. mortar, grenades and automatic arms.

The insurgents were spotted by helicopters as they crouched in their hide-out at Fillaoussene, only 30 kms. from the Moroccan border.

In the Constantine area, 3,000 troops took part in a sweep during which more than 60 insurgents were killed. A further 25 were killed and 1,300 suspects arrested in the Chrea mountains, where the French discovered camouflaged hide-outs.

The bodies of two Europeans kidnapped in the Oran region last week were found with their throats cut. A *gendarme* on leave in Kabylie was discovered murdered in the street.

Britain May Ask Egypt To Lift Trade Boycott

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The Minister of State at the Board of Trade, Mr. Austin Low, said in the Commons today that the British Government welcomed the current visit of the Egyptian trade mission headed by the Minister of Commerce, Mohammed Abu Nosseir.

Mr. Low said in reply to a question from a Labour Member, Mr. Arthur Bottomley, that the mission's purpose was to foster an extension of trade between the two countries.

When Mr. Bottomley asked if the Minister would consider suggesting to the President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Peter Thorneycroft, that it might be urged upon the Egyptians to lift the boycott on trade in the Middle East, Mr. Low replied, "I will certainly consider it."

Sobeloff Gets U.S. Court Appointment

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (UP). — The Senate overrode Southern opposition last night to confirm President Eisenhower's appointment of Solicitor-General Mr. Simon E. Sobeloff to the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals.

The Southerners charged that the appointment was politically motivated and was offensive to a majority of the people in the South Atlantic Federal District Court, especially in view of the fact that it was Mr. Sobeloff who had successfully argued the Government's case against school segregation before the U.S. Supreme Court.

Zorin is Appointed Shepilov's Deputy

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The former Soviet Ambassador to West Germany, Mr. Valerian Zorin, has been appointed a Deputy Soviet Foreign Minister, Moscow Radio reported yesterday. Mr. Zorin, 54, was a Deputy Foreign Minister before becoming Russia's first Ambassador to West Germany in December, 1955.

U.S. Queries Russia On Missing Fliers

MOSCOW, Tuesday (Reuter). — The U.S. yesterday called on the Soviet Government for information concerning American airmen shot down by the Russian Air Force since 1949 and believed to be detained in Russia. An American note delivered to the Soviet Foreign Ministry said that for some time reports from persons of various nationalities freed from Soviet prison camps had indicated that American citizens had been seen in detention in Russia.

Cannot Cut Armies, Say France, Turkey

PARIS, Tuesday (Reuter). — The French Government told the Soviet Union tonight that it could not consider reducing its armed forces at the present time.

The message, handed over in Moscow by the French Ambassador, M. Maurice Dejean, was sent in reply to a letter from the Soviet Premier, Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, who invited various NATO countries to take unilateral measures to disarm without waiting for the conclusion of a general agreement.

323 Poznan Rioters Still in Custody

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The Polish news agency reported today that 323 persons were still in custody following the June 28 riots in Poznan, western Poland.

Prosecutor-General Marian Aybicki, in an interview with the agency, said that they were held on suspicion of attacking soldiers, militiamen and public buildings. Investigations are still going on.

Of those detained, 33 were described by the Prosecutor-General as criminals who escaped from prison and took part in assaults and looting, and 64 as persons who took advantage of the rioting to rob.

The death roll in the riots has risen to 53, including 9 soldiers and public security officials, he said. More than 300 persons were wounded, of whom 127 were still in hospital.

U.S. Reveals Plans To Spend I.M.G. Funds

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (UP). — The U.S. today announced plans for spending the IL5.3m. which has accumulated in Israel from the Information Media Guaranty progampme. The plan was presented to Secretary of State Dulles by Mr. Bernard Katzen, the N.Y. attorney who has been serving as a special consultant to Mr. Dulles on the problem of using the Israel currency accumulated by the U.S. in Israel. Mr. Katzen recently visited Israel in connection with his mission.

Under the I.M.G. programme, Israel importers of U.S. books and periodicals pay the exporters in Israel money and the exporter then exchanges it for dollars through the U.S. Information Agency.

Argentine Air Crashes Claim 21

BUENOS AIRES, Tuesday (Reuter). — Twenty-one persons were killed and 13 injured in two separate air crashes over Argentina yesterday.

A DC-3 airliner, on its way from Buenos Aires to Tucuman, crashed while approaching the landing field at Rio Cuarto, killing 16 passengers and leaving three seriously injured.

In the other disaster, three persons were killed and ten injured when two Argentine Air Force Gloster Meteors collided in mid-air and crashed into a house and a home for the aged. The pilots of the two jets escaped.

29 Killed in Severe Burmese Quake

RANGOON, Tuesday (Reuter). — A severe earthquake last night rocked Mandalay, Sagaing and Myindyan in upper Burma, according to reports reaching here today.

The full extent of damage and casualties was not immediately known, but unofficial reports said that at least 29 persons were killed.

Russia, Japan To Resume Peace Talks

TOKYO, Tuesday (Reuter). — The Japanese-Soviet peace treaty talks are to be resumed in Moscow later this month, it was officially announced here today.

The Chief Cabinet Secretary, Mr. Nemoto, said that the Japanese delegation would leave Tokyo for Moscow on July 25.

Syrians Seal Turkish Border

Syria has closed her frontiers with Turkey in reprisal for Turkish refusal to release 35 Syrian citizens detained since a border clash on June 23, The Middle East News Agency reported yesterday from Damascus.

Turkey reportedly has again laid mines along the border in Aleppo province to discourage smugglers.

Meanwhile, the Syrian Minister of the Interior has banned the travel of Syrian citizens to Turkey. The prohibition is said to affect some 10,000 Syrians.

The Syrian Foreign Minister, Salah Bitar, yesterday informed the diplomatic representatives of the U.S., Russia, Britain, France and Iran of Syria's deep concern over the deteriorating situation on the Syrian-Turkish border, according to Damascus Radio.

Four Freed Rumanian Zionists Due Today

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Four Rumanian Zionists headed by the veteran leader, Mr. A. L. Zissu, are expected to arrive in Israel at about 3 a.m. tomorrow.

The other three are Mr. Jean Cohen, former director of the World Jewish Congress in Rumania; Mr. Moczi Moscovitch, a journalist who was employed by the Israeli Legation in Bucharest in 1950, and Mr. Beno Ber, leader of Sordonia in Rumania.

All served long prison terms for Zinist activity, but were recently released.

Mr. Zissu, who is over 70, was the most prominent figure in Rumanian Zionist Jewry. He edited the Rumanian language daily, Mantuires (Redemption) and was President of the Zionist Organization of Rumania, but advocated that Zionists take an active part in local politics.

USSR Offers Tours To Arab Delegations

The Soviet Union has extended an invitation for delegations from Ministries concerned with public works, agriculture and rural land reform in all the Arab countries to visit Russia, "Al Ahram," the Cairo daily, reported yesterday.

Israel, Russia Conclude Major Oil Agreement

The U.S.S.R. and Israel signed an agreement in Moscow yesterday under which Israel is to receive $18-$20m. of Soviet oil, the Finance Ministry spokesman announced.

This agreement will provide most of the crude oil requirements of Delek, the Israel Fuel Corporation, and the fuel needs of the Palestine Electric Corporation in 1957/58.

The United Press reports from Moscow that the contract will operate on a clearing basis, Israel is selling mostly citrus fruit.

The contract shows a considerable increase over this year, when Israel bought about $7m. worth of Soviet oil.

Simultaneously with the oil purchase contract, Israel repesentatives negotiated for the purchase of oil drilling equipment. A statement by the Israel Embassy said, "It is hoped that important orders will be placed shortly, in which case Soviet specialists will go to Israel to train local drilling crews."

The negotiations were conducted in a congenial atmosphere and with mutual understanding. The negotiations were carried on, for Israel, by Messrs. Y. R. Koslov, the Fuel Counsellor, A. Chelouche, First Secretary in the Israel Embassy in Moscow and A. Racine, the Business Manager of the Israel Fuel Corporation.

Canada Explains Sale Of 75 Jets to Bonn

OTTAWA, Tuesday (UP). — Canada's mutual aid gift of 75 Sabre jet fighters to her NATO partner, West Germany, has nothing in common with Israel's request to buy 24 Sabrejets in Canada, Defence Minister Ralph Campney, told the Commons yesterday.

He said that any decision by Canada to sell such aircraft to Israel would have to be taken outside the treaty organization.

Canada, he said, had advised NATO last December that she would have surplus of 75 Sabrejets by this autumn, and it had been decided by the NATO "standing group," with a recommendation by General Alfred Gruenther, Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, that the planes be turned over

PETEGORSKY, A.J.C. LEADER, DEAD at 41

NEW YORK, Tuesday (UP). — Mr. David W. Petegorsky, National Executive Director of the American Jewish Congress for more than ten years, died here on Sunday night after a long illness. He was 41.

British See Reshuffle of U.S. Diplomats in Favourable Light

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON, Tuesday.—Informal satisfaction is expressed here at the reshuffle of American diplomats which recalls Mr. Henry Byroade from Cairo and Mr. Cavendish Cannon from Athens. Both are regarded as belonging to the anti-British faction in the State Department, particularly Mr. Cannon, whose repeated intervention in the Cyprus dispute has tended to reinforce Greek intransigence.

His successor in the Greek capital, Mr. George Allen, hitherto Assistant Secretary of State in Charge of Near Eastern Affairs and one-time Ambassador to Cairo, has been Mr. Byroade's chief supporter in the policy of treating Egyptian President Abdul Nasser as an ally, or at least apologising for his policies. His present transfer to Athens is regarded in U.S. quarters as a sign of the seriousness with which Washington considers the Cyprus conflict.

It is understood here that the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which must confirm the nominations, has been informally advised that a situation has now been reached where Washington may have to intervene to prevent the complete disruption of the NATO framework in the Eastern Mediterranean. This aspect of the reshuffle is viewed here without enthusiasm, since it evidently portends an American offer to mediate between Britain, Greece and Turkey. The Government dislikes the idea of such mediation fearing that it will take the form of U.S. pressure on Turkey to concede a settlement giving Greece the substance of her claims.

At the moment, the Turkish veto on any change in the *status quo* is Whitehall's trump card in dealing both with Greece and the Labour opposition. The loss of this advantage may well produce another Tory convulsion, and this probably explains Prime Minister Sir Anthony Eden's sudden decision to stay away from Thursday's Commons debate on Cyprus. The Government's case is now fully backed by the Conservatives, and today's news from Washington superficially confirms the view that British firmness can produce the necessary political and personal realignments in Washington. The solidity of this argument remains to be examined when the projected U.S. mediation move takes place.

With regard to Egypt, the reshuffle is less ambiguous. It evidently reflects the lack of enthusiasm for Colonel Abdul Nasser currently felt by all those Americans who are professionally concerned with NATO. It also comes at a moment when the original authorization of $56m. for the Aswan dam is in doubt for both political and technical reasons. It is this latter point which worries "The Times" Washington correspondent, and therefore presumably the British Embassy in Washington.

It is thought that Cairo is now anxious to accept Western funds, since the Russian Foreign Minister, Mr. Dmitri Shepilov, was unexpectedly lukewarm on the subject of Aswan during his recent visit, and that therefore this is the proper moment to dangle financial bait before the Egyptians.

NO CHANGE SEEN

LONDON, Tuesday (INA). — The "Manchester Guardian's" Washington Correspondent, commenting today on the reshuffle of American Ambassadors in the Middle East, said that it would be "quite wrong" to regard Mr. Byroade's transfer from Cairo as "a sign of any change in U.S. policy towards Israel."

Israel Tells MAC Further Censure Of Jordanian Attacks 'Useless'

U.N. Chief Due Tomorrow

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, is due to arrive at Lydda Airport for a two-day visit to Israel early tomorrow morning. He will be met by Foreign Minister Golda Myerson.

Mr. Hammarskjold will travel directly to Jerusalem where he will go into private conference with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion. Following this meeting, Mr. Hammarskjold will hold talks which will be attended by senior Israel officials.

Mr. Hammarskjold is expected to arrive only with his security officer. He is not bringing any staff as he did when he came here last Spring.

Maj.-Gen. E.L.M. Burns is expected to meet him in Beirut either tonight or early tomorrow morning. The U.N. Truce Supervision Organization spokesman said last evening that Gen. Burns' departure had not yet been definitely set.

Mr. Hammarskjold will be in Israel for two days, and will then leave for Cairo for a two-day stay there.

The Secretary-General has not stipulated a specific agenda for his talks here, and it is known only that they will be general in nature.

The two points to which Israel will give top priority will no doubt be peace on the borders and the Suez Canal blockade.

While the Egyptian border has been relatively tranquil, the Jordan border has been quite the contrary, and this subject will certainly be mentioned, as will be the warlike and threatening statements by high Arab officials in most of the Arab capitals and the organization of *fedayeen* for forays into Israel.

Speculation Rife

Speculation for the past week has covered almost every conceivable topic which might be brought up by Mr. Hammarskjold. This has ranged from the Jordan Valley project, which some say Mr. Hammarskjold will try to turn into a United Nations project, to disarmament and anti-aggression pacts. It has also been bandied about that Mr. Hammarskjold has come to "make peace" and improve relations with Mr. Ben-Gurion. These relations are said to have been strained because of the deletion at the last Security Council meeting of the "peace clause" in the resolution passed on Mr. Hammarskjold's report.

It is doubtful, however, whether the Secretary-General would have made a special trip to Israel to say nice things to Mr. Ben-Gurion.

There has also been speculation over Mr. Hammarskjold's trip to Moscow. It is being said that he was urged to make the trip to the Middle East by the Western Powers, but that he wanted Russian support as well to strengthen his hand. The fact that he was in Moscow also has given rise to the rumour that he will come with some kind of proposal to stop the building up of arms in the Arab countries.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the speculation arose in the absence of hard fact; the only fact is that neither the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization nor the Foreign Ministry, according to their spokesmen, is yet aware themselves of what Mr. Hammarskjold is bringing in his brief case.

MAY TACKLE AUJA

The Middle East News Agency quoted official sources in Beirut last night as saying that the U.N. Secretary-General will ask Israel and Egypt to withdraw their troops from the Auja Demilitarized Zone in accordance with Articles VII and VIII of the General Armistice Agreement. He will also discuss with the Israel Government the question of troop concentrations on the borders.

If this present mission proves successful, the sources added, it might open the way for future negotiations on other issues outstanding between the Arab states and Israel, such as the Jordan River irrigation scheme.

KNESSET SECURITY BODY TO MEET

A meeting of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee is to be held today at 11 a.m. The Knesset session opens at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Cairo Now Wants U.S. Aid for Aswan

WASHINGTON, Tuesday. — The Egyptian Ambassador, Ahmed Hussein, said on his return from Cairo today that his Government had definitely decided that it wanted Western help in building the Aswan high dam on the Nile.

He told reporters that he wanted to speed up negotiations for a financial agreement, and would seek an early meeting with the Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles. "All the decisions are now up to Washington and London," he declared. "We have decided that we wish to take assistance from the West. It now depends on them."

The Egyptian envoy's statement came a day after the Senate Appropriations Committee had recommended a limitation of the President's power to allocate foreign aid funds to assist the building of the Aswan dam.

The committee issued a report to the full Senate on the appropriation of $4,105m. in foreign aid. The bill is expected to come up for action in the Senate later this week.

The Administration is seeking authority to allocate substantial sums to assist Egypt in starting work on the dam as part of Mr. Eisenhower's plan to aid long-term projects in the Middle East.

One of the principal U.S. objections has been Abdul Nasser's decision not to start work on the dam until he reaches agreement with the Sudan on water problems that will arise once the project is more advanced.

Hussein, however, said that Egypt wants an agreement with the U.S. and Britain now, so that work can be started as soon as an accord with the Sudan is reached. He said that talks with the Sudanese are proceeding satisfactorily, and agreement should be reached soon.

Egypt does not want to start actual work before the water division problems are settled because "we do not want to annoy the Sudanese," the envoy told reporters.

Tripartite Brioni Talks Open Today

POLA, Yugoslavia, Tuesday. — Marshal Tito, the Indian Prime Minister, Mr. Nehru, and President Abdul Nasser of Egypt will meet tomorrow on Brioni Island for talks on international topics, but foreign observers do not expect them to yield any concrete results.

The conference has been described in the Yugoslav press as a meeting of the champions of active co-existence in the three continents — Asia, Africa and Europe.

An Indian source compared it to the Commonwealth Prime Ministers conference, in the sense that both did not attempt to reach set conclusions, but were a free exchange of opinions.

Subjects such as East-West relations, the Middle East and North Africa are expected to be the main topics of discussion.

Since he left London 10 days ago after the Commonwealth Prime Ministers conference, Mr. Nehru has had talks with government leaders in Dublin, Bonn and Paris. Abdul Nasser is on an eight-day state visit to Yugoslavia.

Mr. Nehru will join other leaders on the island after his visit to Paris today. France hopes that he will use his influence to restrain Egypt from interfering in Algeria, and Mr. Nehru's attitude is regarded as having been distinctly helpful this year.

At past meetings Mr. Nehru has given French diplomats the impression that he is taking what they call a "constructively" co-operative attitude towards France in her Algerian difficulties.

Mr. Nehru and Col. Abdul Nasser will leave together by air for Cairo on Thursday.

Spurns Tabling Resolution On Yahud Murder; Demands Action

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel stated at an emergency meeting of the Mixed Armistice Commission yesterday that she saw no sense in further censures of Jordan when Jordan was not heeding previous condemnations. The 280th meeting of the Israel-Jordan M.A.C. was called at Israel's request to discuss a complaint on the murder on Friday night of Arieh Grobak by four Jordanians near Yahud village in the Lydda area.

In an unprecedented and unexpected move, Israel refrained from the normal procedure of offering a resolution for a vote. Instead, the Israel senior delegate, Rav-Seren A. Doron, read a statement which demanded immediate action from Jordan to stop attacks on Israel, warlike and threatening statements by its leaders and organization of *Fedayeen*.

Both Maj.-Gen. E. L. M. Burns, Chief of Staff of the Truce Supervision Organization, and Col. J. E. L. Castonguay, Chairman of the M.A.C., indicated their approval of Israel's action.

Lauds Moderation

Gen. Burns in a statement issued last night, said that "the moderation and practical attitude shown on this occasion is very encouraging." He said he hoped that the measures being taken by the Jordanian authorities to stop crossings of the Demarcation Line would be effective, and that the consultations of the parties in the Mixed Armistce Commission on ways and means of ensuring tranquility along the Demarcation Line would prove fruitful.

Col. Castonguay, in closing the M.A.C. meeting, "noted with satisfaction the co-operation of the delegations in this instance." He said he was sure that after the statements made by the delegations "every effort would be made in future to reduce tension along the Demarcation Line."

Jordan's Assurance

The Jordan delegate had given an assurance that his government was taking "all the necessary measures" to trace those who might be implicated.

The Israel statement to the M.A.C. declared:

"The value of M.A.C. decisions depends entirely on whether the Government to which they are addressed consider them with due seriousness and talk the necessary measures for the prevention of further aggression."

"Since the cease-fire pledge given to the Secretary-General of the U.N. on April 26, Jordan has been called upon by the M.A.C. on five occasions to take such measures.

"We doubt the usefulness of further decisions by the M.A.C. Five resolutions are quite enough to impress on Jordan the gravity of the situation created by the wave of attacks carried out in the past weeks against Israel from Jordan territory.

Need Action, Not Words

"What is needed now is action, immediate action by Jordan and not words. To leave no doubt about this, the Israel delegation will not submit a resolution at today's meeting."

The statement went on to say that a sixth resolution would be "useless," and instead, Israel would prefer that the M.A.C. "discuss effectively ways and means for ensuring tranquility along the border."

Despite the fact that the Jordanians had announced that Jordan soldiers had been ordered to shoot at every infiltrator, "we cannot but doubt the sincerity and effectiveness of this order as long as the Jordanian authorities persist in spreading among their citizens the doctrine of hate and hostility towards Israel and as long as they continue to organize the *Fedayeen*, whose

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 6)

Israel Notifies U.N. Of Jordan Attacks

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday (UP). — Israel today accused Jordan of planning or encouraging 101 border attacks since the two countries agreed to a cease-fire last April 26.

The Israel delegation to the United Nations submitted a letter for circulation to all members of the Security Council, detailing a list of incidents in which seven persons had been killed and eight wounded.

It asked no action by the Council, but said that five times in the three-month period Jordan had been condemned for violations of the Armistice Agreement by the Mixed Armistice Commission.

"It is evident from the nature, frequency and attendant circumstances of the attacks, the majority of which have been directed against Israel's main arteries of communication, that they are either the result of deliberate planning by the Jordan authorities or that they are organized and executed with their knowledge and connivance," the letter said.

Eban and Allen Discuss Israel Loan, Arms Bid

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (UP). — Ambassador Abba Eban of Israel yesterday discussed with Mr. George Allen, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs, his country's application to the Export-Import Bank for a $73m. loan to develop internal water resources exclusive of the Jordan River project.

The Ambassador said that they also discussed Israel's request for permission to purchase $64m. worth of arms at the 75-minute meting.

18 Jailed in Lebanon For 'Harbouring Spies'

Seven of the 25 persons charged before a Beirut military court with espionage on behalf of Israel were acquitted entirely, and 18 found guilty of "harbouring espionage agents," the Middle East News Agency reported yesterday. Those found guilty were sentenced to terms of hard labour ranging from six months to eight years.

Of the seven acquitted, one is an Iraqi Jew and two are Lebanese Jews.

The trial, which began last week, was held *in camera*. It aroused wide public interest and defence counsel included some of the Lebanon's most outstanding lawyers.

INFILTRATORS STEAL PIPES, ANIMALS

Infiltrators have continued to cross the borders to plunder from both Jews and Beduin.

Thirty metres of pipes were stolen yesterday from Kibbutz Zikim; police found tracks leading to the nearby Gaza Strip.

On Saturday night, infiltrators from Jordan stole 20 animals, valued at IL2,100, from Kerim Ben Salli Muhamed Finish, a member of the Beduin El Finish tribe. Police who investigated the case, found tracks of three marauders leading to the Hebron mountains. The village just over the border is Chirbet Um Sira, inhabited by *fellaheen* who have already made many excursions into Israel territory.

KEREN HAYESOD
HAMAGBIT HAMEUHEDET
LE-ISRAEL

In our advertisement of June 16, the name of the

Union Bank of Israel Ltd.

was inadvertently omitted from the list of financial Institutions which have underwritten the issue of our 6½% debentures.

20 Cigarettes—320 Pruta
Benjarano Bros.

Our enlarged

Carmel Branch

3 Rehov Elhanan

will be opened

TODAY

ELLERN'S BANK
LTD.

ARISTON
THE Better
FILTER CIGARETTE

Social & Personal

The Minister of Posts, Dr. Y. Burg, entertained at his home on Sunday Rabbi Shmuel Chiel and Mrs. Chiel and Rabbi Y. Rubins, Mizrahi and Hapoel Hamizrahi leaders from Brooklyn, N.Y.

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Mr. Tuvia Arazi, Minister at the Israel Embassy in Buenos Aires, will represent Israel at the inauguration of the President of Peru in Lima, and the Honorary Consul of Israel in Lima, Mr. Marcus Roitman.

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Mr. W. H. March, First Secretary (Labour), and Mr. R. E. Gamble, Second Secretary (Information) at the British Embassy, were the guests of the Rehovot Municipality during the past two days.

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Dr. H. Reshef will speak on the "National Insurance Scheme" at a dinner to be given by the Herzliya-Kfar Shmaryahu Rotary Club at the Sharon Hotel at 8 o'clock tonight.

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Mr. Ralph Goldman, Director of the Technical Assistance Department in the Prime Minister's Office, is to speak on "Foreign Experts in Israel" before the Jerusalem Rotary Club at 1.15 p.m., today at the King David Hotel.

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"Rotary in the U.S." will be the subject of three talks at the Haifa Rotary Club today.

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BIRTH

DRUKER — To Rachel (nee Flasher), wife of Lionel Druker, on July 16, 1956, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv — a son, brother to Dror.

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MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service for Dr. Druyan, General Secretary of Israel Medical Association, and his son Zvi, is to be held in the Lecture Hall of Beit Halutzot, at 8 p.m. on Thursday. A group, visiting the graves, will leave the home of the deceased, 8 Rehov Even Yisrael (near Eden Cinema) at 5 p.m.

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The special KING DAVID Holiday Scheme offers you a unique opportunity to relax in Israel's leading Hotel, taking advantage of Jerusalem's cool nights. For a minimum stay of five days on full board: One person in a single room IL18 per day (including service and taxes). Two persons in a double room IL34 per day (including service and taxes). For reservations phone 4211, Jerusalem. *(Advt.)*

Tiberias Deputy Mayor Quits Coalition

TIBERIAS, Tuesday. — The Deputy Mayor of Tiberias, Mr. S. Weinberg, an Agudat Yisrael representative, has informed the Mayor in writing that he is leaving the Coalition because of the alleged breaking of the Coalition agreement on Sabbath observance. A few months ago, the Hapoel Hamizrahi representative, Mr. Y. Shitrit, also left the Coalition for religious reasons.

The Coalition now comprises five Mapai representatives, two from Mapam and one from Ahdut Ha'avoda and is left with a majority of eight among 13 Councillors.

AN Egged driver from Haifa, Shraga Hayun, who was found guilty of speeding, had his licence withdrawn for a fortnight and was fined IL25 in the Haifa Magistrate's Court yesterday.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

EDISON: Mister Roberts.
ARNON: There's Always Tomorrow. 2nd week.
EDEN: The Swan. 2nd week.
ORION: On the Threshold of Space. Matinees: Little Red Riding Hood.
ORZIL: Hobson's Choice. 3rd week.
ORNA: Great Day in the Morning.
RON: "Fordosanai."
STUDIO: The Million Pound Note.
ZION HALL: Houdini.
TEL OR: Underwater.

TEL AVIV

At 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.

ALLENBY: Long John Silver.
ARMON-DAVID: The Kidnappers. 5th week.
ESLIN: Men of the Fighting Lady.
CHEN: Doctor at Sea.
EDEN: "Aware" 15th week.
OPHIR: Baron Tsigane. 2nd week.
MOGRABI: Drum Beat. 2nd week.
ORION: Plunder of the Sun.
SHEFEROTH: "I Figli di Nessuno."
TAMAR: The Sleeping Tiger.
TCHELETH: Picnic. 17th week.
YARON: The Constant Husband. 2nd week.
ZAMIR: "Le Prestidigiteuse". 3rd week.

HAIFA

HAY: To Catch a Thief. 2nd week.
MORIAH: Adam and Evelyne.
ORION: Jump into Hell.
ATZMON: Frou-Frou.
PEER: "Les 3 Mousquetaires."
GAL OR: Desperate Moment. Matinees: Tulsa.
OHAH: "La Vie d'un Honnete Homme."
AMFIHTEATRE: Arrowhead.
ARMON: 3-Ring Circus. 2nd week.
EN DOR: Carribean Gold.
ORLY: Top Secret. 2nd week. Matinees: Aladdin and the Lamp.

VISITORS' GALLERY

Professional Explorer, Protagonist of Esperanto

By MALKA RABINOVITZ

UNLESS you count Christopher Columbus, Mr. Tibor Sekelj, is the second Jew to have taken up exploring as a full time job (the first was Vambery, Armin, a Hungarian, who explored Tibet 100 years ago).

Mr. Sekelj began his hair-raising career at the age of 33, fortified solely with a diploma from the law faculty of Yugoslavia's Zagreb University and several years' experience as working journalist.

To these dubious advantages, he added a naturally cheerful temperament, a bottomless curiosity and the writer's urge to seek out material for his next book.

Whatever the formula is for an explorer-writer, Mr. Sekelj has hit upon it. He climbed the highest mountain on the American continent and sailed a 14-kilometre-long underground river through a mountain cave in Mexico. He has peered into volcanic craters in Central America and practised sorcery among cannibals in Brazil.

What's more, he's lived to tell about it in a number of books that have sold very well.

Mr. Sekelj's profession has nothing to do with his present visit to Israel, a country whose natural phenomena have been thoroughly charted and which has nothing much to offer in the way of cannibals. Although he says it is "very agreeable" to see how Israel is developing, Mr. Sekelj is not a Zionist, nor especially conscious of being a Jew. He calls himself a "one hundred per cent internationalist."

Esperanto Envoy

It is in line with this latter conviction that the explorer has come here as special Middle East envoy of the International Esperanto Organization. He is trying to persuade government leaders to introduce Esperanto into United Nations agencies and into international conferences. He has already made "some progress" in Yugoslavia, Greece and Turkey, and from Israel will go on to India.

Born to an assimilated Yugoslavian family, Mr. Sekelj turned to magazine writing after finishing his law studies. The outbreak of war in 1939 caught him on a visit to Argentina and he has remained in South America since.

As a journalist in Argentina, Mr. Sekelj was invited to join an expedition in scaling the Aconcagua, 7,035 metres high — the highest range in America.

Mr. Tibor Sekelj in conversation with a reformed cannibal in Brazil. The explorer's beard is reduced to a small van dyke in civilization.

The chief of the expedition, his wife and two mountaineers perished in a snow storm while nearing the peak but Mr. Sekelj and others in the party got to the top. When he came down again he wrote "storm over Acon." It went through six editions in Spanish.

After an almost fatal trip through savage Chavante territory in the Brazilian jungle, Mr. Sekelj and his wife settled down for some months with two friendly tribes in the region. The villages were near a large river, and there had been occasional contact with the outside world. The explorer recalls a visitor from a neighbouring village who came calling in a necktie. "He was wearing nothing else. This was the way he paid respect to our conventions."

Cannibal Tribe

The people Mr. Sekelj seems most fond of belonged to a small cannibal tribe in Brazil. Reaching them took three months of travel on horseback, oxen, canoe and foot. The two men and two women in the expedition walked the last lap unaccompanied. "All our mirrors and trinkets wouldn't have tempted our Indian guides to go further."

As it turned out, the cannibals had stopped eating people five years before. They were persuaded to take this step, Mr. Sekelj says, when their chief pointed out that the tribe had dwindled from 2,000 persons to 170. Mr. Sekelj has a great admiration for Abaito, the chief, and calls him "the most intelligent man I ever met." "We all became very good friends," says the explorer. Mr. Sekelj's personal success as a sorcerer probably had a share in this development. "Their religion is to invoke spirits of ancestors and ask questions. This is done at the sorcerers' meeting — there are 12 of them — and the only way I could get to see the ritual was to say I had magic power."

Bamboo Tube

What Mr. Sekelj found when he gained admittance to the ritual was the chief magician blowing powder through a bamboo tube into the nose of each sorcerer. The powder is made of tobacco, pepper and tree bark that tastes like paprika. A pre-requisite for summoning up spirits, the powder ceremony is a test of the sorcerer's magic potency.

"The chief blew the stuff into me. I felt terrible, saw stars and fainted. When I opened my eyes, there was a circle of sceptical faces. By the time I left the tribe, I could stand 40 blowings and they rated me pretty highly."

What do cannibals eat when they stop being cannibals? we asked. "Well," Mr. Sekelj said, "they have a diet of monkeys, snakes, turtle eggs, turtles and worms. The worms are eaten alive, cooked or fried. The women make a drink out of maize. They chew the maize then spit it into a vessel. Then water is added and everybody drinks. It's not bad."

Mr. Sekelj called his book on this tribe "Sunset in Paradise." "It's a happy existence," he says. "They live naked, they don't worry about money and they have everything they need."

18 H.U. Students To Tour England

Eighteen students of the Hebrew University's English Department, 14 young women and four young men, will leave Israel next Sunday on a month's visit to the U.K.

The participants were chosen from among second and third-year students of the Department on the basis of their academic record. A full programme of cultural activities has been arranged for them in England and Scotland by the British Council, the Israel Embassy, the Friends of the Hebrew University and various other British and Jewish organizations.

Accommodation has been provided for the students in private Anglo-Jewish homes and at Hillel House in London. The group will be accompanied by two teachers. The head of the Department, Professor A. Mendilow, who is at present on sabbatical leave, will meet the students in Britain.

'Careful Pedestrian' Contest Begins

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — A contest for the "Most Careful Pedestrian of 1956," organized by the National Council for the Prevention of Accidents was begun on Sunday. Four groups of judges are patrolling the city's streets and watching pedestrians as they cross the road. Citizens who observe the pedestrian's highway code are given a certificate by the judges, which is to be submitted on a forthcoming prize day.

The judges declared in their preliminary survey that they were badly impressed by the way people crossed roads.

One young pedestrian refused to accept a credit report, declaring that he was careful in order to remain alive, and not to win a prize, they stated. The judges represent the Police Traffic Department, the Military Police, the transport co-operatives, and other public institutions.

Royal College Honours Hadassah Surgeon

The British Royal College of Surgeons has announced that it has elected a Hadassah Hospital surgeon, Dr. Myer Makin, to a Hunterian Professorship for 1957, it is learned in Jerusalem. Dr. Makin is the head of Hadassah's Orthopaedic Surgery Department.

This is the first time that the Royal College has honoured an Israel physician with one of its 12 Hunterian Professorships, highly coveted by surgeons throughout the world.

Dr. Makin will lecture at the College on the "Surgical Management of Friedreich's Ataxia."

Dr. Makin, the founder of PATWA in England, is the holder of the Croix de Guerre for outstanding service as an infantry physician with the Royal Scots Infantry in the Normandy landing during World War II.

In addition to his work at Hadassah, Dr. Makin does reconstructive surgery at the Hansen Hospital in Jerusalem, and opened the operating theatre there. He has held among others a fellowship from the American College of Surgeons.

361 Enrol for 56/57 At Technion

HAIFA, Tuesday. — A total of 361 students have been enrolled in the eight departments of engineering, science and technology, at the Technion for the next school year, the Institute spokesman has announced. Of these, 45 per cent were born outside Israel. They come from 22 countries.

This year, 21 Arab and Druse students have also been enrolled at the Technion, a large increase over the previous year. Seven per cent of the first year students are married, and nine per cent are women. Eleven per cent of their parents are also engineers, the largest single group of "parent occupation" among new students; while many of the students' parents are clerks, labourers and artisans.

ISRAEL WOMEN GIVE BIBLE TO JULIANA

HAIFA, Tuesday. — A copper-bound, Bezalel-work Hebrew Bible was presented to Queen Juliana of Holland at the Royal Palace in The Hague by Dr. F. Rutenberg, of Haifa, and Mrs. V. Duljansky of Jerusalem last Tuesday. The two women are the Israel delegates to the convention of European Soroptomists Clubs being held in the Hague. Israel is a member of the European Section.

The Soroptomist clubs are a kind of "Womens Rotary." In Israel, there are two such clubs, in Haifa and Jerusalem.

CO-OPERATION. — Rising prices and the threat of inflation are to be discussed by the Finance Ministers of 17 nations at the Organization for European Economic Co-operation which opened in Paris yesterday.

Five Nazi Policemen Tried for Killing Jews

VIENNA, Tuesday (Reuter). — Five former Vienna policemen went on trial today charged with participating in the mass murder of Jews in Nazi-occupied Poland between 1941 and 1944. A sixth ex-policeman was charged with robbery and mistreatment of Jews. They all pleaded not guilty.

The prosecutor, reading a 40-page opening statement, said the Nazis brought Jews together in fields or forest clearings and forced them to dig their own graves. Their belongings were taken away and they had to line up naked to be shot with rifles, pistols, sub-machineguns, the prosecution went on.

The prosecutor alleged that one defendant had boasted of killing 600 Jews.

The six accused were first arrested in 1946, and later taken to the Soviet Union. They were sent back to Austria last year. Last May they were rearrested on the orders of the State Prosecutor's office in Vienna.

Condemned Gestapo Killer Freed

BONN, Tuesday (Reuter). — A former Gestapo man, once sentenced to death for his part in the killing of 50 Royal Air Force officer prisoners-of-war, was released yesterday from a war criminals prison.

Reinhold Bruchardt, 43, had been condemned for being concerned in the execution of four of the officers who escaped from Sagan prison camp in 1943.

This sentence was later reduced to life imprisonment and then to 15 years. His release was recommended by the Mixed Allied West German Clemency Board.

Summer Camp at Acre For Moslem Children

ACRE, Tuesday. — Israel Moslem children are to have their first summer camp here this year. The half day camp has been arranged by the four-member Moslem Advisory Committee headed by the Kadi of the Shari'a court, Sheikh Mussa Tabari.

The camp will be opened this week in the courtyard of the famous El Jazaar mosque, and is to be under the supervision of an Arab teacher. Over 50 children from the Government Arab elementary school have already registered for the camp, where they will receive lessons on Islam, as well as play games.

Some IL1,000 from Wakf funds has been allocated by the committee for the four-week camp, at which the children will be given lunch every day.

IL65,000 Water Loan For Arab Villagers

A loan of IL65,000 has been given to two Arab villages in the Little Triangle, Baqa al Gharbiya and Jatt, by the Ministry of Agriculture to bring drinking and irrigation water to the villages, it was announced by the Agricultural Development Department of the Ministry.

Aided by the loan the villagers have bought the rights for more than a million cubic metres of water a year from a well that was dug two years ago by the Mekorot company.

U.S. College Study Group Due Tomorrow

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Dr. Herrick B. Young, President of Western College for Women, Oxford, Ohio, and formerly a professor at American College, Teheran, is in charge of a study group expected to arrive in Israel on Thursday. The group comprises some 22 persons, including students, alumnae and faculty members of the College.

The group's Israel visit is undertaken as part of a study tour of the Middle East. Its special interests are history and ancient monuments; contemporary political and educational problems and the impact of American industry on the countries of the Middle East.

Stopping over in Teheran recently, Dr. Young explained the tour is part of the college programme.

"We believe," he said, "a close-up study gives us not only a wider and better experience of an area, but also helps in international understanding." During their stay in Israel the group will be taken care of by the Israel Government Tourist Corporation. They will be staying in Jerusalem until Sunday, when they proceed by air to Istanbul. *(UHIB)*

SPECIAL EVENING ON JERUSALEM

Hovevei Yerushalayim is to present a special evening centred on "Jerusalem, Ancient and Modern" at the new Kings Hotel, Jerusalem, at 8.30 tomorow. Mayor Gershon Agron will be in the chair. Talks are to be given by Mr. Th.F. Meysels and Mr. Arieh Wittenberg. Slides will be shown. The public is invited.

Mrs. Luce, U.S. Ambassador To Rome, Suffered from Arsenic

NEW YORK, Tuesday (Reuter). — A long series of illnesses suffered by Mrs. Clare Boothe Luce, United States Ambassador to Italy, was caused by arsenic poisoning, according to a report in this week's "Time" magazine, which is published by Mrs. Luce's husband.

The magazine said the arsenic sifted down in tiny amounts from paint on the ceiling of Mrs. Luce's bedroom in her Rome villa.

The sifting continued during the first 20 months she lived there, getting into her breakfast coffee. She also inhaled the undetectable poisonous particles during the hot weather.

After a year's residence, Mrs. Luce began feeling tired and ill. Nervousness and nausea followed. In the summer of 1954, she went to New York for a thorough medical survey which said she was suffering from serious anemia and nervous fatigue.

Back in Italy, she went to a U.S. Navy Hospital in Naples later that year, when her hair began to fall out, her finger nails became brittle and her teeth began loosening.

The Navy doctors sent laboratory specimens to the hospital at Bathesda Maryland, using the fictitious name of "Seaman Jones" for Mrs. Luce. The report came back: "Seaman Jones was a victim of arsenic poisoning."

Mrs. Luce quickly saw that if the news were made public, a delicate diplomatic position might arise, "Time" magazine said.

Investigators first questioned the Embassy staff, but discovered within a week that the arsenic came from the paint on the bedroom ceiling. Now the ceiling has been repainted and the danger eliminated.

Mrs. Luce returned to the United States last May to undergo treatment. She is leaving this week for a three-week Mediterranean cruise and will return to her Rome villa and her duties next month.

England Registers Win Over Aussies

By KEITH BEECHER

A grim breath-taking struggle at Headingley Leeds, yesterday, ended in a win for England by an innings and 42 runs over Australia on the fifth and final day of the third test match. This levelled the score so far to one game each, with one drawn, in the five-game series. Final scores: England 325, Australia, 143 and 140.

England, proceeding from a wonderful rally which brought them 325 runs in their first innings, dismissed Australia for 143 runs, mainly due to some tremendous bowling by the Surrey "Twins," Laker and Lock, who took five for 58 and four for 48 respectively.

The [illegible] was rained out on Saturday, early cheating England of a win, as in the first test at Nottingham. But play was resumed yesterday, with Harvey and Miller holding the fort at 93 for two.

The battle started between Laker, Lock and the two Aussie bats, with every ball bringing intense interest. Miller went to a great catch by Truman off Laker, but Harvey continued as batsman and tried hard to stonewall and reach the 182 runs which Australia needed to avoid an innings defeat. Jim Laker, however, was in excellent form, and it was to the credit of the tourists that they were able to hold him off at all.

Grape Harvest Third Bigger Than 1955

The Zichron Ya'akov vine cellars are expected to start the season's work with the beginning of the wine grape harvest in another fortnight. The cellars have been cleaned and the equipment has been prepared so that production will be able to start immediately on receipt of the first crops. A new 600-ton press has been installed which will be used in producing alcohol from the grape pith.

Weather conditions have been very favourable for grape crops. The vineyards are expected to yield 6,000 tons of grapes this year, over one-third more than last year's crop, although the grapes have ripened a little later than they usually do. The cellars will be able to cope with this bumper crop since wine consumption has increased in Israel with the immigration of settlers from wine-drinking countries.

Vine areas were increased by more than 1,000 dunams this year, and there are now approximately 10,000 dunams of wine grapevines in the Shomron.

The cellars constitute an important source of employment in the Zichron district. They provide work for 100 permanent employees and an additional 150 for the six-week harvest period.

Ken Wood Wins U.K. Mile in Front of Hewson

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Ken Wood, of Yorkshire, won the coveted mile title in the British track and field championships at the White City Stadium, London, this weekend. He beat the title holder, Brian Hewson, by 3 yards in 4 mins. 6.8 secs. Wood ran the last quarter in under 55 seconds.

Chris Chataway, running his first major race of the season, failed by inches to retain his three miles title and was beaten by Derek Ibbotson, of Yorkshire. Both runners clocked 13 mins. 32.6 secs. John Young, 18-year-old Midland schoolboy, proved himself "find" of the championships, by beating Britain's crack sprinters, including holder, Roy Sandstrom, to win the 100 yards in 9.9 seconds.

Eric Shirley set up a best championship performance in winning the 3,000 metres steeplechase, in 8 mins. 51.6 secs. He beat the holder, John Disley, of Wales, — Olympic Bronze Medallist — by about 15 yards. Mike Wheeler, 23-year-old schoolmaster, equalled the 440 yards English native record, which he jointly held, and the best championship performance, by taking the title in 14.7 seconds.

Sport Segregated In Louisiana

BATONROUGE, La., Tuesday (Reuter). — The Governor of Louisiana, Mr. Earl Long, yesterday signed a bill prohibiting interracial athletic contests and social activities in the State.

The measure also requires segregated seating and "separate sanitary, drinking water and other facilities for members of the white and Negro races."

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ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

202, 240, 33.3 & 49.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7 a.m., 1.30, 4.00, 7.00, 9.00, and 11 p.m. Arabic Programme (including news): 8 a.m., 2.15 and 6 p.m.

6 a.m. Morning Programme (Haifa only). 6.20 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Calesthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Morning Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 Music at Noon: Jane Fruman (vocalist) (R). 12.30 The Concert Hall: Berlioz: "Benvenuto Cellini Overture"; Weber: Symphony No. 2; Bruch: "Canzone on Scottish Motifs" (R). 1.50 Yehudi Menuhin (violin) (R). 3.30 Close Down.

4.02 p.m. Youth Corner. 4.30 Melody and Rhythm. 5.00 Weekly Talmud Lesson. 5.20 Folk Songs (R). 6.00 (Second Programme): Classical Requests: Beethoven, "Egmont Overture"; Tchaikovsky, "Symphony No. 6 (Pathetique). 7.15 We Present Tonight. 7.18 Cantoral Requests. 7.45 Middle East Folklore Series. 8.00 Melodic Newspaper. 8.30 Daily Hebrew. 8.35 The Second Truth. 8.55 Bible Reading. 9.15 News Diary. 9.30 Gentlemen, the Press. 10.00 Daughters of Song Choir, works by Haydn, Mozart, Sibelius, Tchaikovsky, Lavry, Nardi, Miron, Caspi. 10.30 "Courage Tower," a Play by Ramhal. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

407, 466, 255, 49.9, & 33.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.00 p.m. French News: 2 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 49.9 and 460 M.): 5.30 Programme for Yemenites 5.45 Hebrew for Beginners. Dr. Kamarat. 6.00 Classical Music Requests. 7.00 Ladino. 7.30 French. 8.00 Yiddish. 8.30 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.45 Persian. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian 10.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 4.45 News. 4.55 Economic Reiew. 5.00 Calling South Africa. 5.15 Easy Hebrew conversation. 5.35 Stop Press.

9.15 News. 9.25 Economic Review. 9.30 In the Academic World. 9.45 From East to West — Musical Greetings.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 326, and 228 M.): 6.32 Request Favourites. 7.00 News. 7.15 "100th Anniversary Schumann Memorial." 7.30 Musical Selections. 8.00 Among the Flags. 8.30 The Army Orchestra. 9.00 News. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCAST (15.79, 19.42, 16.96 and 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 News, News Talk. Jewish Commentary. "Coming to England."

Notice to the Public

Film Library and Agricultural Books

The Agricultural Vocational Lending Library of the Agricultural Educational Department, has books, mainly in English and Hebrew, and Agricultural films. Agricultural schools, continuation classes and agricultural institutions may apply to the library at 82 Rehov Levinsky, Tel Aviv. Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Hersl, 36 Jaffa, 5009.

TEL AVIV: Molchadsky, 7, Ben Yehuda, 23570. Mercas Hatzafon, 209 Ben Yehuda, 22202. Yehuda Halevi, 95, Yehuda Halevi, 6159. Moshkovits, 25 King George, 62650. Riva, Hatikva Qtr., 67492.

JAFFA: Laris & Barkash, 72, Jerusalem Blvd. PETAH TIKVA: Asuta, 7, Stampfer. RISHON LEZION: Carlan. REHOVOT: Klivanes, Teler, 341. RAMAT GAN: Orion, 19 Arlosoroff, 71491. Levin, 33 Hanegba, Shebunat Green. HOLON: Rebak, Kibar Struma.

HAIFA: Balfour, 1, Massada, 2289. Gal Marpe, 2 Bat Galim Ave., 3221.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Greenwald, 22 Yehoshua Bin-Nun, 62963.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Hanevi'im, 2434. Dr. Ludwig, 34 Shivat Zion, 67417.

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RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar, 51 Rehov Bialik
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Dwellings—Premises

TO LET pleasant furnished room with kitchen use, to single person, Rehavia. Phone 5794, Jerusalem.

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Personal

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Purchase-Sale

OWING to emigration — for sale first class European bedroom suite and Maytag washing machine. Offers: P.O.B. 949, Tel Aviv.

FOR SALE English typewriter — perfect condition. IL80. Feder, 29 Rehov Workanus, Tel Aviv, 4.30-5.30 p.m.

WANTED to buy washing machine, foreign make, in good condition. Offers: P.O.B. 949, Tel Aviv.

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YOUNG Hebrew-English typist and office worker seeks position. Write: No. 29639, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

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who have received notices regarding the advance payment due to Yahav Magen, are requested to settle the first payment at the branches of one of the following banks:

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Palestine Discount Bank
Halva'a Vehisachon Jaffa-Tel Aviv
Kupat Am Bank

Accounts in five equal payments instead of only two, may be settled when applying at any of the above Banks.

A pamphlet giving instructions and information in respect of payment and collection procedures, calculations, etc., has been sent together with the Yahav Magen notices.

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JERUSALEM

PENSION GEIGER: Beit Hakerem, Tel. 2185. Kasher. Lunch. Dinner in cool shady garden. Bar.

• Exhibitions:—
Permanent exhibition at the Department of Antiquities. Temporary. New finds from the excavations at Beit Shearim and Ma'ayan Baruch and recent excavations including Ginosaar, 9-1, 3-5.
1) Paintings by Moshe Kinathan ("Falafel King"). 2) Applied Arts — works by pupils of the Alice Seligsberg School. Artists House, 10-1, 4-7.

Conquest of the Desert, Permanent Exhibition. Daily from 10-1, 4-6. On Friday from 10-1 only. The exhibition is closed on Shabbat.

Arts and Crafts Exhibition on the occasion of the 50th Anniversary of the Bezalel School of Arts and Crafts, 10-1, 4-6.

• Film Shows:—
Israel Films — Keren Hayesod. 11.30 a.m.

• Tours:—
Hebrew University conducted tour, New Administration Building. Opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

• Vocal Newspaper:—
"B'Terem" — Editor: Eliezer Livneh. Speakers: Shlomo Ginossar, "After the Foreign Minister's resignation." Prof. Y. Leibovits, "The Party as it should be." Itzhak Shalev, "Youth Political Movements in Schools," Beit Hahalutzot, Rehavia. 8.30. Public is welcome. Tickets obtainable at the entrance.

• Menora Officers Club: — Free evening. 9.00 p.m.

TEL AVIV

Italian specialities, lunch, dinner, music. Lucky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd. Air conditioned.

• Entertainment: —
"Boustan"—the beautiful Garden Cafe, near Dizengoff Square.

• Exhibitions: —
1) Paintings and drawings by Ben de Leeuw and Anne Newmann. 2) Archaeological finds from Hazor. 3) Works by pupils of the Tel Aviv Art Institute (Avni). 4) "American Industrial Art." 5) Paintings by Moshe Pruppes. Museum, 10-1, 4-7.

• Tourist Service: —
Z.O.A. House Tourist Service Welcomes You. 9.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m. and from 3 to 10.30 p.m. daily.

• Theatres: —
Habimah, "The Cyclones." 8.30. Ohel, "The Prince and the Pauper," 4.

HAIFA

• Carmel Tunes: —
Mozart Evening, L.P. Records, Gan Ha'Em. 8.30 p.m.

HADERA

• Theatre: —
B. Witler and S. Lerer, "My Lucky Home," Hof. 6.30 & 9.30.

ACCADIA BEACH

Accadia Terrace, Israel's coolest. Every evening dancing and additional features.

RAMAT GAN

• Theatre: —
Do-Re-Mi, "Oh, My Papa." Rama Hall, 8.45.

NATANYA

• Theatre: —
Josef Bulow, "Der Kibitzer," Sharon, 8.45.

KIRYAT HAIM

• Theatre: —
Habimah, "A View from the Bridge," 8.30.

PETAH TIKVA

• Theatre: —
Ohel, "The Good Soldier Schwejk," 8.30.

Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	62	—	36	38
Tiberias	36	34	37	38
Haifa Port	61	34	30	31
Natanya	70	31	30	31
Tel Aviv Port	31	25	28	29
Lydda Airport	52	19	32	34
Jerusalem	31	21	30	31
Beersheba	35	19	37	38
Eilat	22	37	43	44

A) Humidity at 9 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVAL

Dr. Moshe Sneh, M.K. from Rumania. (By SAS).

DEPARTURES

Dr. Arye Tartakower, Chairman of the Israel Branch of the World Jewish Congress, to attend a W.J.C. meeting on North African immigration, in Paris; Mr. Herbert Friedmann, Executive Vice President of the United Jewish Appeal in the U.S. (By Air France); Mrs. E. Templeton, U.S. Embassy Press Officer, on completion of her tour of duty, to Washington (By K.L.M.).

AS PART of a campaign to encourage humanitarian treatment of animals, the Society for the Protection of Animals has set an essay competition for school children. The first prize, an air trip to Eilat, will be given to the best essay on animals; 24 other prizes are also offered. Full details of the competition can be obtained from the Society, P.O.B. 253, Jerusalem.

Histadrut Pressing C-o-L Payment

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Since the Manufacturers Association has not yet defined its stand on the Cost-of-Living Allowance issue, the Histadrut today authorized employees to proceed with their demands for the increased allowance. A meeting of the Association's Presidium is to be held in Jerusalem tomorrow, it was learned.

ISRAEL GLIDERS IN 10th PLACE

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday. — The Israel team took 10th place in the Gliding Contest in France earlier this month, Miss Rina Levinson, a member of the five-man team, said when she arrived here by El-Al today. Menahem Bar, of the Tel Aviv Aero-Club, was classed 13th among the 58 contestants. One day during the seven-day contest he was fourth.

The champion this year was Dr. Paul McCready, of the U.S., who manned a French glider. Bar also manned a French glider, put at the Israel team's disposal by their hosts. Last year's champion, Mr. Gerard Pierre of France, was classed 18th this time.

Family Re-United After 25 Years

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday. — The Pinkasov family of Tashkent was re-united today after 25 years.

The father left Russia, leaving his wife and two children. His elder son, Alexis, came to Palestine with his grandfather. Five years ago, Alexis discovered that his father was in Rumania, and brought him here. A year ago, the mother received permission to emigrate from Tashkent and the younger son, Michael (26), arrived today.

Two elderly women from Samarkand, and one from Kiev, also arrived today. (Itim)

Headmaster Released On IL2,000 Bail

ASHKELON, Tuesday.— The former headmaster of a religious school here, Y. Barkai, charged with having illicit relations with four of his girl pupils, was released on IL2,000 bail by Chief Magistrate Zion Alcof today. The police did not object since the investigation had been completed. A crowd attempted to assault Barkai when he left the Court, but the police managed to get him away in a taxi. (Itim)

Sara and Aaron Roth

(nee Endlich)

take pleasure in announcing the birth of their son

THE BRITH MILAH

will take place on Thursday, July 19, 1956, at 11 a.m. at the Sha'are Zedek Hospital, (Wallach) Jerusalem.

This is the only intimation.

Mali and Jona Bing

are happy to announce the birth of a

SON

and invite relatives, friends and acquaintances to the BRITH MILAH which will take place on Saturday, July 21, 1956, at 11 a.m. at the Misha Hospital, Haifa.

This is the only intimation

TO OUR FRIENDS

Mali and Jona Bing

heartiest congratulations and best wishes on the birth of your son

S. LIWIAL and Family
S. BASS and Family
R. GILEADI and Family

THE FAMILY OF THE LATE

Martha Strumpfner

wish to thank all their friends for their kind expressions of sympathy in their bereavement.

Danny Kaye Made Eilat's First Honorary Citizen

By SHALOM COHEN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT, Tuesday. — Danny Kaye became Eilat's first honorary citizen today. The title was conferred on him by Mayor H. Nenner in an easy-going ceremony in the wooden Government House. Presenting Mr. Kaye with an illuminated address, the Mayor declared that the idea was decided on at a snap Council meeting yesterday, at the instance of Mr. M. Bentov, the Minister of Development.

Danny Kaye, in a red and white *tembel* hat, declared that the warmth of the people impressed him more than the climate. Earlier, however, when he alighted from the Arkia plane, he exclaimed with outstretched arms in the sweltering heat: "This is hot? Where I come from we also have mild weather."

Mr. Kaye declared that his second visit was as an ordinary Jew seeing the country. "I came again to feel the spirit which has made this country so wonderful."

"In a couple of years' time, there will be a small hut of mine in Eilat," he remarked after the Mayor had declared that the Council had presented him with a plot of ground. The Mayor, welcoming Danny Kaye, said, "Eilat is not an easy place to live in, and your coming here will bring laughter to the people."

Part of Tour

The visit was part of a tour organized by the Ministry of Development. With his party, Mr. Kaye visited the King Solomon copper mines at Timna and went to the Be'er Ora Gadna Camp, a green patch in the desert near Eilat. There he was mobbed by a Gadnaites; and trapped at the exit by a group of Gadna girls, who in an exchange of wisecracks, gave as good as they received.

Shadowed by photographers, Danny Kaye did some underwater skin diving in the Red Sea. "I talked to an Egyptian fish," he declared emerging from the water.

Never still for a moment, the high temperature did not diminish his high spirits. At a luncheon in the Red Sea Hotel, he suddenly stopped singing a Hebrew song, to break into a Japanese ditty in honour of two Japanese scientists present in the room. Everywhere he chatted with adults and children in an original blend of three languages, singing a now enlarged repertoire of Hebrew songs and fooling around in his own inimitable way.

Tours Settlements

Today's trip followed a tour of Negev settlements yesterday, after which he spent the night at the Sharon Hotel, Tel Aviv.

Mr. Kaye is to meet the Prime Minister, and to inspect the Dead Sea Scrolls, before he leaves the country on Thursday. He told *The Jerusalem Post* that he is going to Morocco via Europe to finish a film for UNICEF. He will then proceed to the U.S. to make a picture based on the life of the famous jazzman, Red Nicholls.

Ben-Zvi's Message On Id-el-Adha

Jerusalem Post Bureau

President Ben-Zvi last night extended his congratulations to the Moslem and Druse communities in Israel on the occasion of Id-el-Adha, the Moslem and Druse festival of sacrifice. He expressed "his hope that peace, love and friendship will prevail among all citizens of the country." In his greetings to the Druse community, the President particularly mentioned the Druse youths serving in Israel's security forces.

Id-el-Adha marks the climax of the "Haj" annual pilgrimage to Mecca, and it is celebrated on Zil Hijja 10, the morning on which Mecca pilgrims descend from Mt. Arafa outside Mecca, to Wadi Muna, where the slaughtering of animals takes place. The three-day feast is known as Id-el-Kabir, the major festival of the Moslems.

In Israel, the Director of the Moslem and Druse Department of the Ministry for Religious Affairs Mr. H. Z. Hirshberg, with his deputy, Mr. S. Yehoshua, began a two-day tour of Moslem and Druse centres in the country, and to extend the Government's greeting to Kadis and Moslem and Druse village councils.

Over IL10,000 has been allocated from Wakf funds to the Moslem Advisory Councils in Acre, Haifa and Jaffa for distribution to the needy of the Moslem community on this occasion.

Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem will be closed from tomorrow until Sunday.

Haifa Proof Of Harmonious Living

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A visit to Israel should prove that Moslems, Christians and Jews can live in Haifa, Mr. Abba Khoushy, told members of two visiting Israel Bond delegations on Sunday evening. He was speaking at a dinner held in honour of the American visitors by Abdul Ra'ouf Karaman at the Karaman estate in Ibtin village near Haifa.

Archbishop George Hakim greeted the delegations, and expressed the hope that Nazareth would also benefit from funds derived from Israel Bond sales. The American Consul in Haifa was present at the dinner.

The chairman of the Bond campaign in Chicago, Mr. Morris DeWoskin, who also headed the Chicago Bond delegation here, leaves by air today for the U.S. The delegation is continuing its study mission for a few more days.

Unemployment Up By 850 Daily

The average daily number of unemployed rose by 850 to stand at 10,870 in the week ending July 6, the Ministry of Labour announced yesterday. Unemployment rose principally in the Tel Aviv-Herzliya-Holon area, not in agricultural regions.

Of the unemployed, 8,472 were unskilled labourers.

Inroads into the number of jobless are expected soon, since 2,000 hands are needed to harvest grapes. At a later date, the cotton and groundnut harvest will supply 700,000 work days. At present, the Government is providing 10,000 work days daily in order to keep down the overall total of jobless.

The main centres of unemployment were Tel Aviv, 1,443; Haifa, 1,366; Jerusalem, 757; Ramat Gan-Givatayim 620; Petah Tikva, 503; Rishon le-Zion, 470; Lydda, 413; Ramle, 399; Bnei Brak, 377; Rehovot, 327.

Galilee Stone Being Barred from Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Jerusalem Labour Council is taking steps to prevent the importation of stone to the capital from Galilee.

Early this week, members of the Council, accompanied by unemployed stone cutters, warned 10 truck drivers from Galilee that they would not permit any more cut stone to be brought to Jerusalem.

There are 40 jobless stone cutters in Jerusalem.

The stone reaching the capital from the North, despite the great transportation costs, undersells the locally cut product.

Stone cutters in and around Nazareth are unorganized and are thus paid wages far lower than those received in Jerusalem, a Council spokesman said. In addition, child labour is employed.

$100,000 Gift For Beersheba Centre

NEW YORK, Tuesday (Reuter). — Two St. Louis brothers announced today that they would give $100,000 for the establishment of a cultural and community centre in Beersheba.

Nathan and David Shever made the announcement shortly before they left by plane for Israel to attend the cornerstone-laying ceremony of the centre.

In a joint statement, the brothers said that they were inspired to make their contribution by their concern for the people of Israel and their future development, particularly in the "potentially abundant" area of the Negev.

The Beersheba library has received 2,000 books, most of them in Yiddish, as a gift from the Workmen's Circle in the U.S. The Municipal Library which was founded with a grant from the Organization has almost 15,000 books in several languages.

27170 WINS IL30,000

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The sum of IL30,000 went today to the owner of the Popular Loan, 1954, Certificate No. 27170 in sub-series 1.

The same number in sub-series 2 won IL15,000.

Owners of No. 42046 in both sub-series 1 and 2 will each get IL4,000.

Nos. 18258 and 73465 in both sub-series won IL1,000 each.

A number of holders also won IL200 and IL100.

The drawing was not broadcast over Kol Yisrael as is usual because of Tisha B'av.

Tel Aviv Asked To Open Windows

Tel Aviv residents have been asked to keep their windows open during the civil defence (Haga) exercise this afternoon against the possible effects of blast from explosions. Simultaneously with the exercise in Tel Aviv, there is to be a Haga practice in the Givatayim area.

A conference on air raid shelter building was held under the auspices of the Haga Command in Tel Aviv on Monday by engineers from local councils, rural areas and factories.

The participants toured an exhibition of air raid shelters arranged in accordance with their suitability for families and factories, and heard reports on the network of shelters already set up and the technical problems involved in shelter building.

Court Orders Local Council Dissolved

The dissolution of the Or Yehuda Local Council, appointed by the Minister of Interior, Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, was ordered yesterday by the Supreme Court sitting as the High Court of Justice.

The Court found that the Minister had not consulted with residents of the settlement, which is in the coastal plain, before appointing the Council. The Herut faction, represented by Mr. E. Merridor, had asked for an order *nisi* after they were given only one place on the nine-man council. They stated that they should have more in view of Herut's large representation in the Knesset. (Itim)

Tisha B'Av Rites On Mt. Zion

With the singing of "David the King of Israel Lives," Tisha B'Av observances ended on Mt. Zion in Jerusalem at sundown yesterday.

Thousands of persons had streamed up to the mount under a hot sun during the day. Breslau *hasidim* sat on the floor of David's Tomb from midnight to morning, reciting prayers in commemoration of the Fall of the First and Second Temples. While observant Jews fasted all day and attended synagogue services, most of Jerusalem's shops and restaurants were open as usual.

BEAST vs. BUS

HAIFA, Tuesday. — A donkey standing with its cart in the centre of the internal road in the Kiryat Eliezer housing quarter, refused to move this morning when he saw an oncoming Leyland Tiger bus charging towards him. Even when the larger "beast of burden" sounded its loudest and most irritating warning signal, the donkey continued to stand still, indicating with a half-smile on its face that it had heard worse noises.

Eventually, the driver of the Egged bus jerked on the hand brake, got off the bus and drove the donkey and cart to the side of the road where the animal stood and waited just as if nothing had happened.

Sea Lions getting a cold shower upon arrival at Lydda Airport yesterday. They have been sent by the San Diego (California) Zoo to the Jerusalem Biblical Zoo in exchange for animals native to Israel. (Photo by Attar)

Animals Frolic in Zoo's Pool

Jerusalem's latest and rarest immigrants, a pair of sea lions—as yet unnamed—spent their first day in Israel yesterday alternately frolicking in a pool and basking in the strong sunlight at the Biblical Zoo.

The Zoo Committee is inviting names for the pair.

The sea lions, which arrived early yesterday morning by Swissair from California, were brought to Jerusalem in two wire cages.

Upon being released at the edge of the pool by Dr. A. Shulov, Zoo Director, they dived into the water, swimming back and forth, enjoying themselves immensely. Their gleeful play in the pool aroused the enthusiasm of the small crowd of onlookers.

Until their own pool is ready, they use the pool built for the sea otters.

The sea lions, which are giant seals, have a bark similar to that of dogs. This animal can be trained to do various circus tricks, such as balancing a ball on its nose.

Fewer Jaywalkers On Capital's Roads

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem jaywalkers on the main traffic arteries are a vanishing breed, traffic police in the capital believe.

A systematic campaign to educate the public to use pedestrian crossings is bearing fruit, to gather from a quick blance at the main streets, although much more work has yet to be done.

Policemen, many of them mounted, are stationed at strategic spots along Jaffa Road, Rehov Ben Yehuda and King George Avenue, to warn jaywalkers to stop jeopardizing their lives by stepping off the pavement in the path of an oncoming vehicle.

The policemen usually confine themselves to a brief lecture on traffic safety, although they issue summonses if the situation warrants it.

Pedestrians are given the choice of paying a IL1 fine through the Post Office Bank, or of appearing before a magistrate to plead their cause. Most of them have paid the fine willingly, the police say, noting that few magistrates content themselves with imposing such a nominal fine if they have to hold a trial.

The number of summonses has dropped within a month from 100 to 20 daily.

Drivers must come to a full stop if there are any pedestrians in the crossing area.

Quaker Girls Come For Work Camp

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Two girls from Holland and Switzerland arrived in the s.s. Filippo Grimani this morning to spend a month at the Quaker summer camp in Hartuv, in the Jerusalem Corridor.

The ninth international voluntary work camp at Hartuv, will be run in two periods, July 22 — August 10 and August 14—September 4.

It will help prepare the groundwork for a regional school for the settlement of the Even Ha'ezer region. Volunteers from all cultural and religious communities in Israel, from eight countries abroad, and from the eastern settlements in the Hartuv area itself, will co-operate.

Work campers will live in tents and have their own kitchen at the site of the old Hartuv, near the Yemenite *moshav* of Kfar Nachum. There will be from 25 to 30 volunteers in the work camp each time, with a total of 70 for the six weeks.

During the first period the co-leaders of the camp will be Avraham Menahem (Haifa) and Walt Raitt (California), while in the second period Walt Raitt and Fawzi Hakim (Nazareth) will be co-leaders. Shlomo Gatt (Jerusalem) will be the work leader.

Charged with Passing Data to Jordan

REHOVOT, Tuesday. — A worker at the Lydda railway yards, Bishara Habra, 26, was brought to trial before Magistrate A. Movshovitz today on a charge of passing information to the Jordan Army last month.

According to the charge sheet, Bishara crossed the lines illegally on June 21, taking with him another inhabitant of Lydda, Nimr Yusef Bassal, 21. On the other side of the frontier they were arrested by the Arab Legion and gave its intelligence service information of a military nature. Later, they returned to Israel.

The case was postponed until next month at the request of the prosecution. (Itim)

ZIM ADMITTED TO CONFERENCE

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday. — The Zim Shipping Co. has been admitted to the Conference of Ships plying between European and Middle-Eastern ports, Mr. Paul Levinson, of Zim told Itim on his arrival by S.A.S. today. Mr. Levinson took part in the conference meeting at Oslo, where the high freight costs to Israel were discussed.

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Messrs. S. Eisenberg, S. Zimmerman, Y. Barpal Zvi Herman, N. Wydra and Z. Yehieli were elected to the Zim Management by the Company's Board at a meeting this week, the Zim spokesman announced today. The last four were also elected as acting directors.

MORDECHAI Edri, 34, of Moshav Yashresh, near Ramle, was bitten by a poisonous snake yesterday. He was treated at Assaf Harofe Hospital and is out of danger.

Danes See United States Retaining Base in Iceland

By JOHN EYRE HANLIN

COPENHAGEN, (NANA). — Denmark, which still maintains strong ties with its former possession, Iceland, appears to believe some sort of settlement will be reached between Reykjavik and Washington before American troops are forced to close down the important Keflavik base.

If the U.S. is forced to abandon its base in Iceland, following the recent election of an anti-American coalition to the Parliament, there is hope that current NATO negotiations with Portugal may yield two new allied air bases in the Azores.

But the best indication that Keflavik may remain in American hands after all, is the pessimism displayed here by the Communist press which, in spite of the election results, is predicting a "double cross."

Observers here have pointed out that Norway, in particular, is worried over the prospects of a paralyzed Keflavik. A weakening of the Icelandic link of Western defence would have far-reaching strategic consequences for Denmark, as well.

"We don't like to give our Icelandic brother uninvited advice in the present situation," the "Social-Demokraten," the unofficial voice of the Socialist Government wrote, "but we must point out the fact that Iceland's only contribution to the common Western defence is their making the Keflavik airfield available for the NATO Powers."

"We Danes hardly can avoid a little bad conscience," "Berlingske Tidende," Denmark's powerful conservative voice wrote, "since we carry a certain co-responsibility for the unfortunate development. This permitted the Icelanders to obtain absolute national independence at the very instant such an unlimited form became politically impossible in a modern society."

GLUE PLANT BURNS

TEL AVIV, Tuesday — Two fires which broke out at 5 p.m. today brought out eight fire-engines from Tel Aviv and Givatayim.

Damage caused by a fire in a Yad Eliyahu glue factory is estimated at IL10,000.

The extent of the loss incurred in the blaze which broke out in a used tire store in Jaffa is not yet known. (Itim)

ISRAEL TELLS

(Continued from Page 1)

sole purpose is to spread sabotage and terror in Israel."

The statement continued:

"If the soldiers and civilians of Jordan are to cease their attacks against Israel, their leaders must end their warlike proclamations against Israel; and the *Fedayeen*, whose very existence is contrary to the General Armistice Agreement, must be disbanded, if tranquillity is to be re-established along the border.

"The last resolution of the M.A.C. could not have stressed with greater force the dangerous situation created along the border. The Jordanian attacks have seriously undermined the cease-fire reaffirmed to the Secretary-General, and very little of it is left by now. We demand that the Jordan delegation ensure that attacks from Jordan territory against Israel cease."

The senior Jordan delegate speaking before the Israel delegate stated that there was no conclusive evidence to prove that Jordanians were responsible for the crime described in the Israel complaint. But he went on to say that the Jordan authorities were taking all the necessary measures in an effort to track down any persons who might be implicated.

(The Israel delegate said that the investigation of the Yahud murder proved that it was committed by four khaki-clad Jordanians whose traces led for a stretch of 12 kms. to the Jordan border and crossed it near an Arab Legion outpost).

The Jordanian delegate further recalled the intention of the Jordanian authorities to prevent civilians from crossing the Demarcation Line for any purpose whatsoever.

Israel was represented by Rav-Seren Doron, Rav-Seren R. Hillel, Seren Y. Ben-Dov, and Segen S. Levinson; Jordan by Col. M. Sa'adi and Lieut. M. Daoud. Col. J. E. L. Castonguay was in the chair.

Psychiatrist Takes Stand In Genia Yatom Poison Case

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — A person of Genia Yatom's intelligence would not be likely to put phenolbarbitone tablets into blancmange without first dissolving them, if she intended to poison somebody, Dr. Reuven Meir, the head of the Be'er Ya'akov Mental Health Centre told the District Court today.

He was testifying during one of the closing session of the case against Mrs. Genia Yatom, who is accused of attempting to murder Mr. Arye Maimon, a fellow member of Kibbutz Ma'barot, in December, 1954.

Replying to a question put by the prosecuting counsel, Mrs. Ostrowsky-Cohen, the witness said that Mrs. Yatom had a nervous character, was impulsive and suffered from depression. He summed up his diagnosis of the accused, who had spent two months under his supervision by order of the Magistrates' Court, by stating that she was emotionally disturbed.

Dr. Meir said in reply to the defence counsel, Mr. A. Hoter-Ishay, that some of his colleagues also had nervous characters, but that did not qualify them as candidates for a mental home. He also said that many public servants had paranoic inclinations.

The affair between her husband and Mrs. Mati Nissimov had upset Mrs. Yatom during her stay in the hospital and had greatly influenced the attitude of her fellow kibbutz members towards her, Dr. Meir said.

Reads Part of Letter

He read to the Court part of a letter which Mrs. Yatom had sent to another psychiatrist, Dr. Brill, in which she admitted being afraid of the extent to which she hated Mrs. Nissimov and her eldest daughter, and it seemed to her that she would do something "which would bring me to a mental home or prison."

Giving evidence herself, the accused said that the kibbutz should have put an end to the relationship between her husband and Mrs. Nissimov by expelling the other woman from the settlement. She said that it was difficult for her to suspect Mr. Maimon of wishing to do anything to harm her. But he had made a mistake about thinking that she had served him with poisoned blancmange on that Friday evening in December and would not accuse her of such a thing if he had the courage to admit his mistake.

"Perhaps somebody else gave him the blancmange and he thought that it was I," she suggested.

Mrs. Yatom seemed relieved to step down from the witness stand today after having given evidence for more than eight hours since Friday. The trial will continue tomorrow. (Itim)

Drug Sale Suspects Held in Haifa

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Haifa police have arrested two suspected drug traffickers, and believe that they have smashed a drug ring which supplied morphine to addicts in the town.

The police reported today that during the past weeks they had received information on a large quantity of morphine ampoules being sold to addicts. The Economic Police traced the drugs and found that they came from Rambam Hospital. After further investigation, two hospital employees, a medical orderly and a gardener who was employed on a temporary basis, were caught leaving the hospital grounds with 50 ampoules of the drug.

Police also found that the orderly had sold 50 ampoules to addicts in the past. These drugs were intercepted by the police.

The police spokesman emphasized that Rambam Hospital was not involved in the traffic. The spokesman said that the drugs were bought from a patient who had received them from the Ministry of Health for treatment.

Suspect Swallows Spoon

An 18-year-old girl, who is being detained by the Jerusalem police on suspicion of prostitution, tried to commit suicide yesterday by swallowing half of a spoon which she had broken in two. She was taken to Hadassah Hospital, where she remained under guard. Her condition is not serious.

The eviction of two women from an apartment they rented from the Development Authority on the grounds that they were maintaining a brothel on the premises, was upheld yesterday by the Supreme Court sitting as the High Court of Justice in Jerusalem. The eviction order had been given by the Haifa Magistrate's Court under Paragraph 164 of the Criminal Code, and was upheld by the District Court. (Itim)

LEGATION

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b) 2—3 roomed apartment.

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Spend your vacation in Ashkelon

MINHAL HAMARGOA ASHKELON, TEL. 843, will gladly help you arrange your bookings.

Testing Patients In 'Country Club'

PETAH TIKVA, Tuesday. —Diagnosis of the psychological problems of patients will be carried out in the comfortable surroundings of a hospital equipped with a sports ground for tennis, ping-pong and volley ball, which will be opened here in a fortnight.

Dr. J. Fink, the Medical Director of the hospital, said at a Press conference today that the root of many organic illnesses is psychological. The aim of the hospital is to investigate for the general practitioner any mental disturbances the patient may have.

Known as Bellevue Hospital, it is the first private hospital of its kind in the country. It has 34 beds and is attached to the Kfar Ganim sanatorium for mental patients.

Ordered to Deposit Passport with Police

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — District Judge Eliezer Malchi today ordered Albert Kinsley, who is being sued for IL50,400 by Mr. Joseph Korman of London, to deposit his passport with the police as guarantee that he would appear in the Court tomorrow. The defendant was absent today when proceedings were started against him by the plaintiff's lawyer, Mr. Israel Levin.

The question before the Court was a preliminary one to the civilian claim which will be heard later. It was a request by the lawyer that the defendant guarantee compliance with the verdict of the Court, or be detained if he fails to produce such a guarantee.

Mr. Korman claims that he had discounted bills for Kinsley's firm, Novelty Upholstery, Ltd., in London, which later were proved to be forged. Mr. Korman's lawyers also claim that Kinsley had transferred $50,000 to Israel through the Discount Bank Ltd. Kinsley left London a fortnight ago. His wife remained there.

POLIO CAMP STARTING AT WEIZMANN HOME

REHOVOT, Tuesday.— Fifty polio-stricken children will start a one-month vacation on the grounds of Mrs. Chaim Weizmann's house here on Thursday. The children will be brought daily in ambulances. The doctors, the Kupat Holim personnel and the Israel Medical Association will provide service without remuneration, while the Ilanshil-Polio Society will supply the food.

SIMULTANEOUS chess games, with Mr. M. Mamerosh matching wits against 25 other players is to be held at 5 p.m. on Saturday at the Histadrut building in Jerusalem.

Cables in Brief

AMBASSADOR. — Mr. Chen Kang, People's China's first Ambassador to Egypt, left by air for Cairo yesterday to assume his post.

REFUGEES. — Yugoslavia has "considerably tightened" controls along the Austrian border "as increased numbers of refugees are streaming into Austria," the newspaper, "Wiener Montag," reported on Monday.

Morocco Asks France To Drop Israel Pact

RABAT, Tuesday (Reuter). — The Istiqlal Party, said yesterday that the Moroccan Government had asked France to suspend the commercial agreement between Morocco and Israel under which the two countries exchange local products.

It said in a published statement that the request was made to France which had concluded the agreement in the name of Morocco "because Morocco desires to have no dealings with Israel."

The statement said the attitude of the Istiqlal towards Jews in Morocco was the same as that of the government.

"We consider them as Moroccans, having the same rights and the same obligations as Moroccans. Among these obligations is that of having only one country to which they must remain faithful and which they must defend."

Iraq 'Model State,' Says Queen Elizabeth

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). —Queen Elizabeth, at a state banquet last night at Buckingham Palace in honour of King Faisal, of Iraq, described his country as "the model of a modern state built on ancient and famous foundations and confidently facing towards the future."

"In these years our alliance has stood the test of time, both in war and in peace, and the friendship between our two countries has grown more deep and more fruitful," she said.

"Just over a year ago it received new strength when we joined together with other friendly nations in the alliance of the Baghdad pact."

In his reply, King Faisal said: "In these days I would claim that my country is full of promise. In the task ahead of us we are assured of your help and sympathy. Your technicians and scientists, who are helping us, are working side by side with our young men in the tremendous task of making the land of the Tigris and Euphrates once again a centre of prosperity and learning. We appreciate their integrity and skill."

FISHING SCHOOL BOAT LEAVES RHODES

Pupils of the fishing school at Mikhmoret, who set out on a training cruise in the school's boat over a week ago are reported to have left Rhodes on Sunday, on their homeward journey, accompanied by another boat from the school. Both pupils and instructors are reported to be well.

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Further information, as well as application forms, are obtainable at the office of the School, Terra Sancta Building, Room 26B, on weekdays between 10 a.m. and 12 noon.

Registration will commence on July 22 and end on August 31, 1956.

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MEETING AT BRIONI

SUITABLY impressed by the warmth of his welcome to Yugoslavia, Colonel Abdul Nasser, Egypt's President, is now at Brioni for the day's conference with President Tito and Indian Prime Minister Nehru. By a large concession of wishful thinking to actuality the parley is being represented as a coming together of the leading exponents of coexistence in three continents — Europe, Asia and Africa.

The force which Yugoslavia has exerted in the cause of world stability is well understood and appreciated in Israel. From the time when that country "found her soul" as Churchill nobly described it at a dark period in World War II, she has earned the respect of the world even if it does not endorse her policies.

The position India has won for herself since she became completely independent of Britain has also evoked admiration, although her attitude towards Israel must give rise to a certain disappointment. She is the largest neutral country in Asia with unparallelled natural resources and potential strength, with the great moral, spiritual and pacifist tradition of Gandhi to buttress her and the high prestige of a similar nature which her present leader, Mr. Nehru, enjoys. Because of this, it is felt that she could have faced up to the serious ethical issue involved in the exchange of diplomatic representatives with Israel despite Arab displeasure. Moreover when the exclusion of Israel from the Bandung conference was motivated by the determination of the Arab states to boycott that conference if Israel were present, India's acquiescence was too swift and easy for a great nation with her reputation.

Despite this, India has won the admiration of the world for her genuine attempts to use her middle and uncommitted position to seek to alleviate great international tensions and the risk of world conflagration, as her intervention in the Korea affair indicated, and as she has shown in connection with many issues involving colonialism, imperialism and the rights of minorities.

One can therefore see that there might be a serious and sincere attempt by these two countries' representatives to face world issues with a certain background of moral justification and experience. The presence of Nasser, however, in this galère is somewhat incongruous. He talks of peaceful coexistence to the world and to his own people, and to Israel he speaks of war and annihilation, backing up his words by a very tenuous observance of the ceasefire he signed with the Secretary General of the United Nations. He will talk to President Tito and Prime Minister Nehru of economic and social development while doing very little to improve the condition of his own Egyptian masses whose position is worse than most of the impoverished countries of th Middle East, and whose standards of living are indeed steadily deteriorating.

It is hard to foresee what positive good can be expected to come out of Brioni. Tito and Nehru could use the opportunity to impress upon Nasser that the interests of world peace demand that he relax his adamant refusal to sit down to direct talks with this country on matters at issue between them. They are in a strong moral position to give him this advice. One hopes that they will; but one is uneasily afraid that they might also succumb to the temptation to enlarge the outward fabric of their neutralist bloc at the expense of this opportunity to strike a blow for peace.

Only 3 Alive Out of 9 Who Conspired to Overthrow Spanish Republic

THE NINE MEN OF JULY 18

By RICHARD MOWRER

MADRID, Tuesday.—TWENTY years ago today, the Franco regime got its start. On July 17, 1936, a carefully prepared military revolt broke out which was to lead to the overthrow of the Republic and the establishment of the Franco dictatorship — at the cost of a terrible civil war and a million dead.

The coup had been planned with the greatest secrecy. It was to be sparked in Spanish Morocco where the rebels could count on the support of the local garrisons and native troops. Then, at dawn on July 18, the rising was to extend to the Spanish mainland. The chief architects and executors of the plot were nine high-ranking officers. This is what each one was to do when the balloon went up:

— General Jose Sanjurjo to return to Spain from exile in Portugal to assume over-all command of the insurrection.

— General Emilio Mola, military governor of Navarre and regarded by many as the "brains" behind the revolt, to seize control in the north.

— General Francisco Franco, military governor of the Canary Islands, to fly to Spanish Morocco and head the insurrection there.

— General Gonzalo Quiepo de Llano, commanding officer of the *carabiniers* in the Seville region, to seize the province for the rebels.

— General Manuel Goded, military governor of the Balearic Islands based at Palma de Mallorca, to fly to Valencia and take charge of the rising in that area.

— General Miguel Cabanellas, commanding officer of the garrison at Saragossa, to seize control of the city and hold it for the insurgents.

— Air Force General Alfredo Kindelan (then on the retired list) to join the insurgents in Morocco and take command of the air arm of the rebel forces.

— Colonel Antonio Aranda, at the head of the troops in Oviedo, to take over Asturias province.

— Lt.-Colonel Juan Yague to head the rising in Morocco pending the arrival of Franco and Kindelan.

Plan Partly Foiled

Such was the plan. What actually happened, and what of the nine men entrusted with bringing off the coup?

This is how they fared:

In the Spanish zone of Morocco, zero hour was five o'clock in the afternoon of July 17. The word was: "*El dieciseite a las diecisiete*" — "The 17th, at 1700 hours." The intention was to start the rebellion at Liano Amarillo, in the foothills of the Riff mountains where most of the army was concentrated for manoeuvres. But in the garrison town of Melilla, on the coast, word leaked out that something was brewing. The police began to investigate. Lt.-Colonel Yague thereupon decided to strike immediately. Thus it was that the insurrection broke out at Melilla instead of at Liano Amarillo, at 4.10 in the afternoon of the 17th instead of at 5 o'clock.

Early on the morning of July 19, Franco arrived in Morocco by air on a British-piloted plane chartered for the purpose. Several days previously he had shipped his wife and daughter off to France aboard a German freighter. At Ifni, a Spanish possession on the coast of Africa where the small plane had to refuel on its flight from the Canaries, there was a tense moment for Franco. The airfield had remained loyal to the Republic. But nobody paid attention to the little man (5 ft. 4 in.) in civilian clothes sitting in the plane.

General Franco reached his destination as planned, but General Sanjurjo was not so lucky. He was killed when the light plane which was to take him to rebel headquarters in Spain crashed on take-off. The pilot, Juan Antonio Ansaldo, survived. According to his story, this is what happened:

Killed by Vanity

Sanjurjo showed up at the *rendez vous*, a small grass field at Caiscais, near Lisbon, with an enormous suitcase. Ansaldo protested that the plane was too light to carry both the general and his suitcase. But Sanjurjo insisted on taking the suitcase because, he said, "my gala uniform is in there and I can't be expected to march into Madrid without it." The over-loaded plane failed to clear the field and the insurgents lost their designated leader of the rebellion.

Meanwhile General Goded took off from Palma by air on the appointed day, but a last-minute change in plans took him to Barcelona instead of Valencia. Goded was arrested on arrival and shot. General Cabanellas in Saragossa fulfilled his mission, however, capturing the city for the insurgents. Quiepo de Llano was equally successful in Seville.

In Oviedo Colonel Aranda used a trick to seize the city. On the day of the uprising, July 18, he declared himself for the Republic and organized special trains to transport armed workers and miners to Madrid to defend the capital. When the trains were well on their way Aranda declared himself an insurgent and seized Oviedo.

Armies Converge

General Mola was successful in Navarre and recruited forces which were to march on Madrid from the north while General Franco worked upward from Seville, his army steadily strengthened the while by Moorish troops and legionnaires transported from Morocco by Kindelan's airlift.

Mola was later killed in an air crash, but not before achieving immortal fame as originator of the term "fifth column." He broadcast over the Burkos radio that four nationalist columns were converging on Madrid and that a fifth column was in the city awaiting the signal to strike. As it turned out, this was a silly thing to proclaim, because the Republicans thereupon sought out, arrested, and in many cases executed, anybody they suspected of being a "fifth columnist."

The military coup failed in its initial purpose: seizure of power at one swoop. The insurrection degenerated into a bitter civil war which was to drag on for nearly three years, a war in which Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy supporting the Nationalists, and Soviet Russia backing the Republic, were to use Spain as a proving ground for new weapons. But in the end the rebels won and the Republic collapsed.

Today, twenty years after, how many are left of the "Nine Men of July 18?" Only three. Two of them, Kindelan and Aranda, are living quietly in retirement. The third, General Francisco Franco, is now 63. The other day he gave himself a pay raise by signing a decree which boosts the Chief of State's annual salary to $29,650.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

The Western Wall

IT is the irony of fate, writes Herut, that precisely during the eight years of the existence of the State of Israel, no Jewish foot has trod the way to the Western Wall; Jewish warriors were poised to liberate the shrine but were stopped from doing so at the last moment by an order to desist in deference to a truce call (inadequately understood) that was held to be more important than the dictate of Jewish history. There have been opportunities galore since then, but we have not made use of them. And even as we raise our eyes today to the remnant of our Temple, the bells of history ring out anew and bid us seize the hour to come and retrieve our loss.

On this Tisha B'av, writes Hatzofe (World Mizrahi), in the eighth year of its separation from its holy shrine, the entire nation stands like a wall behind our Government's demand that Jordan give us the right of approach to our holy places in accordance with the conditions laid down in the Armistice Agreements.

Davar (Histadrut) also writes of Jordan's obligation to give us access to our holy places and points out that this day of mourning is not only one of lamentation

one also of severe protest.

Hahoker (General Zionist) thinks that it was a mistake for the Government of Israel to wait eight years before demanding the right of approach to the Wall and it is quite possible that if we had displayed some initiative earlier the Jordanians would have had to make concessions. But it is not too late and even now it is hoped that Israel will insist on her rights without fail.

When we lament the destruction of our Temple, writes Hakol (Local Aguda), and the decrees that beset our people in its wake, we include our own generation among all the rest, for has our generation not drunk deep of the cup of bitterness? The solace is that the Messiah was born when the Temple was destroyed; so, in the midst of our lament we strengthen our faith and hope in his coming and in the rebuilding of our Holy Temple.

What applied to Soviet Russia yesterday does not seem to apply today to the Polish People's Republic, as far as Lamerhav (Ahdut Havoda) is concerned. On the day before the paper had pointed out that it was the Moscow custom for officials to make statements to the press and have them accepted as official; but it does not hold the same brief for the Polish President's declaration that all Jews who wish to do so may go to Israel. That is tantamount to admitting, writes the paper, that the Zionist solution of the Jewish problem is the right one, and the people's democracies can now be rightly called upon to recognize the Zionist Movement as the Jewish Liberation Movement and the right of Jews to organize in order to emigrate to Israel. The paper, still a little doubtful as to the authenticity of the declaration, looks forward to an official confirmation.

New Sudan Premier Is Foe of Egypt

By ED WAKIN

CAIRO (NANA). — THE election of Abdullah Khalil as Premier of the Sudan threatens Egypt with a major setback for her ambitions in Africa and her plans for a colossal high dam on the Nile River.

As Khalil said to this reporter in an interview: "I am considered by the Egyptians as their Public Enemy No. 1."

The new Premier is Secretary-General of the Umma (Nationalist) party and was national leader of the Sudan independence movement in the days when there was talk of unity with Egypt after the British gave the Sudan the chance for independence. The outgoing Premier, Ismail el-Azhari, had led his party, the National Unionists, on a platform of close ties with Egypt.

Khalil's decisive victory reflected national indignation about the "Black Hole of Calcutta" incident in the Southern Sudan where 194 farmers suffocated in a crowded jail.

Khalil has won the support of two parties in addition to his own, the new People's Democratic Party and the Southern Sudan Liberal Party. Thus he will be able to organize a strong coalition cabinet under his leadership, which is pro-Western in contrast to that of his predecessor. He is a man who isn't receptive to Russia's offers of aid and is considered by Western diplomats as friendly, especially to the U.S. He is eager for capital investment from the West.

It is with him that Egypt must work out an agreement on the building of the $1,300m. Aswan high dam — biggest in the world — since the project will back up Nile waters and flood Sudanese farmland. The Sudan has first call on the Nile waters and could undermine agricultural Egypt, by diverting the water before it flows into Egypt.

Henceforth, Egypt must negotiate with a man who described his attitude on the Egyptians this way: "We don't trust Egypt. They will try to enslave the Sudan. They are not interested in helping us, but in dominating us."

Sitting in his home in Omdurman near the junction of the Blue and White Niles, Khalil, an old soldier, described to this reporter his contacts with the Egyptians while an officer in their Army for 15 years. Like most Sudanese, he has great respect for Gen. Mohammed Nagib, born of a Sudanese mother.

He knew both him and Abdul Gamal Nasser in the Army. He took Nagib in hand as a promising officer, and developed a close friendship with him. Abdul Nasser he dismisses with faint praise: "a clever, young officer."

Huge TB Hospital Opens at Kfar Saba

By SHLOMO ENGEL

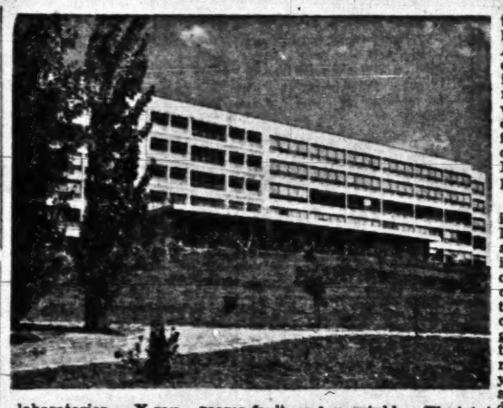
THE new 400-bed Yosef Meier Memorial Hospital at Kfar Saba, equipped with the most up-to-date facilities for the prevention and cure of pulmonary tuberculosis, is opening its doors to its first 120 patients today. They are being transferred there from the Levinstein Hospital in Magdiel, which will be converted into a sanatorium for nervous diseases.

In late August, 120 more patients will reach Kfar Saba from the Ra'anana Hospital, which in future will accommodate sufferers from paralysis and chronic diseases. The rest of the new hospital's capacity will be filled when the upper two of its seven storeys are completed.

The hospital is named after the late Director of Kupat Holim and Director-General of the Ministry of Health, Dr. Yosef Meier, whose life's dream was the project of such an institution. It took five years to build it, but for a hospital of such size, this is not an unusual period anywhere in the world, especially if one takes into consideration the acute shortage of building materials which prevailed at times during those five years.

Spacious Grounds

The building, surrounded by 60 dunams of landscaping, and park grounds for the patients, many of whom are ambulatory cases, is situated at an altitude of 80 metres, just above the Haifa-Sharon highway. There are sports fields, parking lots, gardens, a shady grove, and a pool. Additional grounds are occupied by the personnel, by a future school for nurses, and by the project of personal permanent housing for members of the staff. The latter includes doctors of international repute, who have been provided with the best of facilities in the two lower floors and annexes of the giant building. These include



laboratories, X-ray rooms, three operating rooms, and a special centre for occupational therapy.

The building faces north and south, so that the covered verandas which run outside the rooms through the length of the building — 150 metres — are shielded from the sun. Each floor consists of two 40-bed units: each room, accommodating two or three patients, is furnished with a washbasin, closets, night tables and a radio, as well as earphone attachments near each bed. By pressing a button by his bedside, the patient can summon the nurse through a system of light signals.

The special wing for occupational therapy and vocational rehabilitation includes three large halls, five rooms for study, a library and a canteen. The dining hall, seating 230, opens directly onto the park grounds. The kitchen, in the opinion of Kupat Holim experts, is "ultra-up-to-date" in its labour-saving layout and equipment. It is divided into three separate sections — for meat dishes, milk dishes, and fruit and vegetables. Electric carts transport the food to the dining halls and into the various departments, where it can be kept warm by plugging the containers into special wall attachments.

Preventive Clinic

The lowest floor of the building, partly underground, houses the heating and ventilating equipment and can double as a shelter for hundreds of patients as well as for the staff. The hospital has its own emergency power plant.

The hospital was built for the Histadrut's Invalid Fund by Rechter and Son of Tel Aviv in consultation with engineers, doctors and various specialists. It will be the new site of the regional preventive clinic for lung diseases, and advisory station for the Sharon's physicians, operated jointly with the Ministry of Health and Kupat Holim.

While the general situation in the fight against tuberculosis gets brighter every year and the number of hospitalized patients is steadily decreasing, especially among children, this does not mean that the incidence of tuberculosis among the adult age groups is falling. In fact, the average hospital stay is now longer than it was two years ago, due largely to the achievements of modern medicine, which have increased life expectancy among tubercular patients.

Further, as unsuitable temporary accommodations have been progressively abandoned in the past few years, the number of hospital beds available for tubercular patients has gone down, and 150-200 patients are currently waiting for accommodation. Since most of these are hard-core cases, the statistics for length of stay in hospitals will be correspondingly affected.

American Friends Report On Attacks on Jordan Centre

THE somewhat contradictory and confused reports given out by Arab radios and press agencies do not yet allow an appraisal of the mysterious bomb attack — by post-parcel? — on Colonel Salah Mustafa. In the light of the fact that this Egyptian Military Attache in Amman organized the *Fedayeen* raids to Israel, and that rumour has it he was careful to make use only of refugees, the assumption that the disgruntled refugees are responsible for the attempted murder is only logical.

Such an assumption is further strengthened by the record of other deeds of violence perpetrated by these goaded and despairing people, in the Gaza Strip and elsewhere in Jordan. Some readers may remember how they destroyed the one positive achievement due to Arab leadership — Aref el Aref's prosperous little colony to the north of the Dead Sea, and how they burned bread trucks sent by Americans.

Full Document

Rumours of other such activities reached this country from time to time, but I now have in my hands the report of the Philadelphia Quakers (American Friends' Service Committee) — a singularly reserved and dispassionate document, careful to give only the barest facts, without even a hint as to the love and service, the sweat and exhaustion, the enthusiasm and fortitude lavished by these dedicated young and not so young "friends" — all in vain!

The Quakers had been thrown out of the Gaza Strip — for obvious reasons. They had then, with truly Christian patience and perseverance, transferred their activities to five old Jordanian villages north of Amman. I let the report speak for itself . . .

Although the activities of the Jordan programme were primarily agricultural in nature, the programme reached many phases of village life including health and sanitation, water use, communications, and rural credit.

The decision to lay down the work was based on several considerations. One of these is the unsettled state in Jordan as exemplified in the January riots in that country when buildings, livestock, terraces and other demonstrations at the project centre were destroyed. Another is the fact that the next logical phase of the project, involvement and participation by the Jordanian Government, probably could not be carried out at this time as a result of conditions in the country...

During the months of December and January, Jordan was the scene of riots and demonstrations in urban and rural areas.

Much of the rioting was directed against programmes which were identified with the West, primarily the U.S. Among those which suffered damage was the American Friends' Service Committee (the Quakers') village development project.

A crowd estimated at about 1,000 villagers attacked the project, burned and looted all the project buildings, and destroyed some of the irrigation channels and other demonstration activities...

The demonstration was organized and led by persons from outside the project area. Approximately 40 per cent of the crowd came from the project villages. Their reasons for participating were varied — some said they were forced to come, some said they came from curiosity, some said they came to destroy (as they thought) evidence of their debts to the government co-operative societies.

Shortly after the riot, the staff visited the area and found the attitudes of the villagers to range from open friendliness to hostility. In the weeks which have followed, the staff has carried out pending programme activities, discharging all obligations to the villagers which the project had incurred. After careful assessment of attitudes in the villages and among government officials, the staff recommended... that it lay down its social and technical assistance to Jordan for the time being...

This report was written in April. The "Friends" had been working selflessly in those five villages for three years, long enough, one should think, to allay suspicion and distrust. As recent developments show, this characteristic suspicion, well-founded in cases nearer home than the "Friends," is still at work.

PAULA ARNOLD

HEARD ABROAD

We may well ask ourselves whether, given the change from Stalinism inside the Soviet Union, Tito is not on his way to becoming the most important of all misleaguries of Communism.
—Mr. Walter Lippmann

There is, it seems, no established market in second-hand piers.
—"The Times" news items.

Today the principles of Grotius have been completely liquidated.—Prof. Scelle, at the International Law Commission in Geneva.

Everybody ought to be happy every day. Life ought to be an accumulation of those happy days.
— President Eisenhower.

The cinema is the Arabian Nights of the modern age — the universal bedtime story.
—The Countess of Harewood

A DYING CRAFT

By NORA BELOFF

PARIS (O.F.N.S.). — SIX dazzlingly gilded wrought-iron gates have just been installed in the marble courtyard of the Palace of Versailles. They have been designed and produced as far as possible on the exact model of the magnificent gates designed by Mansart in 1678 and melted down for guns at the time of the French Revolution.

The grilles stand at the entrance of the queen's wing and the ambassadors' wing, on the two sides of the central palace which housed the king. Originally they provided a direct entrance into open arcades, but for protection against cold and damp, glass doors have been discreetly installed behind them.

The six grilles are worth 80m. francs, (IL400,000) and the material and labour, 25,000 man-hours, have been offered as a gift by an iron company which specializes mainly in mass produced household utensils. Its founder, M. Edgar Brandt, now 77 years old, was a master craftsman before setting-up his own business.

In the past he has designed a number of cannons and anti-tank guns used by the French Army in both world wars, and it is his company which is responsible for the bronze plaque at the Arc de Triomphe, the gateway in memory of the battle at Verdun, and the bannister of the stairway in the Marsan Pavilion at the Louvre Palace.

The new gateways are cherished as a spectacular manifestation of a dying craft. M. Brandt told me himself that less and less of his workers have the patience and perseverance to master the techniques, and most prefer instead to man the assembly belts.

An extensive research job, aided by a fortunate discovery of some palace relics, has enabled the designers to reproduce almost exactly the original pattern and details. In order to assure maximum similarity with the original, the company decided only to employ those methods used in the 17th century, without any recourse to modern mechanical devices. The gates are covered with gold leaf to the texture of a ten-thousandth of a millimetre, all made and applied by hand.

Readers' Letters

DEAD SEA WORKS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Your correspondent states (in his article entitled "S'dom Climate Lowers Productivity," your issue of June 20) that the Dead Sea Works had "no prototype in the world" and that the new plant had to be installed "without the benefit of anyone else's experience."

The Dead Sea is by no means the only hot and remote spot on the globe in desert surroundings, where chemicals are extracted. As a case in point, Trona may be cited, which is situated near Searl's Lake in California and where potash and boracic salts have been produced at a profit for decades.

The history of the Dead Sea Works shows that suite a lot of experience had accumulated since 1930, when the former company, the Palestine Potash Limited, took the first steps to extend potash production to the southern end of the Dead Sea, and production rose steadily until an annual output of 60,000 tons was reached. Why such valuable experience has never been made use of by the present Dead Sea undertaking is quite another matter, which will probably come up for discussion when the projected enquiry commission begins to function.

Mr. Ben Adi is, however, on the right track when he emphasizes the need for creating proper living conditions for all workers at S'dom, for this, I believe, is the crux of a problem which is as important as any of the many technical problems involved. The present organizer of the Mif'al Yam Hamelah may perhaps not know that formerly engineers and other members of the senior staff enjoyed the comfort of a nicely furnished clubhouse with library, radio, games, etc., and a small kitchen where hot and cold drinks were prepared and served, and pleasant hours were spent at night in conversation, games, reading or listening to music. For labourers, a spacious Beit Tarbut with similar facilities was available as well as gymnastic apparatus outside. The dining room had a most attractive appearance and the food was of good quality, tasty, plentiful and comparatively cheap. Twice a week, cinema performances were arranged in a spacious hut purposely erected at the entrance of the cave, whence a stream of cool air pervaded the room.

All this was only the beginning. The ultimate object was to create a happy and harmonious community of workers who would love the place and be encouraged by really good pay, recreation leave, fair treatment and good prospects for a secure future. It was thought that this object could best be achieved by settling workers' families on the spot or by creating a kibbutz like Beit Ha'arava which existed at the northern plant and provided essential farm products as well as labour.

Ein Gedi, with a very similar climate, furnishes sufficient proof today that such a venture is definitely possible in practice. Would it, therefore, not solve the labour problem of S'dom much better than the project of settling the workmen in Dimona and moving them back and forth daily?

Yours, etc.
E. E. RAEIBL

Jerusalem, July 2.

RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The Knesset debate concerning our diplomatic relations with Germany (your issue of today) shows how politically immature we really are.

It is significant that a Herut member, Mr. Ben Eliezer, refers to German Reparations as "a few prutot," while in fact Germany is supplying us with goods worth hundreds of millions of pounds. The Herut member knows very well that restitutions have contributed very much to the stabilization of the State of Israel.

Does he want to sabotage the efforts of Dr. Adenauer and most of the members of the West German Bundesrat who made Reparations possible by demagogic generalizations like the reference to the German people as "a people of murderers?" Does he think that his exhibition will make it easier for Dr. Shin'ar, whose efforts as head of our purchasing mission have benefited our economy a great deal?

It might, furthermore, be necessary to remind the Knesset member that Hitler was an Austrian, that the Austrian population, even today, is not exactly known as being pro-Jewish, and our efforts to receive Reparations have met only with difficulties, and nevertheless we maintain diplomatic relations with Austria.

Lastly, I wish to draw his attention to the fact that in the competition for killing Jews, some Eastern European states with which we have diplomatic relations have not done much worse than Germany. And what about our Arab neighbours whose aims are not different from Hitler's Germany? Why do we remind these sworn enemies of our State regularly that we want to make peace with them?

I believe that in her reply to the Knesset member, our Foreign Minister rather sacrificed political wisdom to expediency.

Yours, etc.
ERICH BAUM

Tel Aviv, July 3.

TRIBUNALS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—Dr. E. Mayer's article on "The Slow Wheels of Justice" (your issue of today) ably sums up a very unsatisfactory state of affairs. The Government and Bar Association of Israel should put their heads together at once and issue public statements as to how (and how soon) they propose to act in the matter.

The status of the Bar Association has been recognized, though far from sufficiently, by our "constitution" (vide The Judges Law, 1953, for example), and the Association has given proof of its ability to cooperate with the Ministry of Justice by its active aid for the needy.

It would be wise to establish, without delay, a network of Arbitration Tribunals whose main characteristic should be speedy and inexpensive determination of disputes between citizens (civil jurisdiction).

The great number of advocates available to man such tribunals should enable the Association to succeed in this task. Properly organized, and backed by a suitable legislation, these tribunals would undoubtedly prove a boon to the citizen, the State and the learned profession itself.

Yours, etc.
E. D. GORDON

Haifa, July 11.

PEN FRIENDS

HOUE TOHBU, Chapter President of the Japan Christian Historical Society, requests the addresses of pen pals in Israel, amongst students and professors. Replies should be addressed to Mr. Houe, c/o The Legation of Israel, 49 Shotomachi Shibuya, Tokyo, Japan.

MARIE HOUDE, 16, of 30 Durmahlstraat 30, Danville, Pretoria, would like to exchange letters with someone from Israel.

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